

The Oxford County Citizen.

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BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1919.

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79TH MAINE

LEGISLATURE

The Legislature at last has something to talk about. Governor Milliken furnished the topic on Friday morning. To be sure half of the Senators and about as many of the Representatives had gone to their homes for the week and recess, but enough were in their seats when the subject was introduced to sit right-up and take particular notice.

The Governor in a special message of some 1200 to 1400 words very plainly told the Legislature that its course in considering matters of appropriations for ways and bridges, outside of the Budget was wholly out of keeping with the policy of financial economy the State was supposed to be pursuing and that when measures thus prepared reached him for approval, they would be turned down.

The Governor specifically named the committee on ways and bridges as engaged in this course and stated that he had already warned them of his intended action. He also cited the chairman of the House, committee on ways and bridges as having made a canvass of the Legislature and being reported as being sure of the necessary two-thirds vote to over rule any veto of such measures.

The message was received with the utmost attention and interest in both Senate and House, being accepted in the former and immediately sent to the House for concurrence. It was tabled in the House by Rep. Barnes of Houlton for printing, 500 copies being ordered.

The Senate listened with attention to its reading, after which Senator Peacock of Washington, chairman of the joint standing committee on ways and bridges, asked that it be tabled until Tuesday in order that he might then make plain the position of the committee. It was suggested that a better course would be to accept it and send it to the House for reading and that the senator could on Tuesday or any time speak upon it. This was done.

Senator Peacock stated that he in no way desired to delay the Budget but that he did wish to make a statement as to the position of the committee on this question and without debating the message he would do so.

Governor Milliken's message is now the one subject of conversation in House, Senate and rotunda.

Representative Rounds of Portland almost started something in the House Tuesday morning, when he introduced an order instructing the treasurer of State to forthwith prepare and furnish the Legislature a statement of the financial condition of the State, as required by the provisions of Section 4 of Article 5 of the Constitution of Maine.

No one seemed to understand what was meant and Speaker Farrington was about to put the question, when Representative Allan of Portland arose to inquire through the Chair what the purpose of the gentleman from Portland (Mr. Rounds) might be in presenting this order.

Mr. Rounds slowly arose and slowly said that he presumed that all members of the House were familiar with the Constitution of Maine and must therefore know that one of its provisions had not been complied with, and that requiring the treasurer of State to have prepared and ready for the incoming Legislature a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the State. He said he had been around here now for five weeks and had inquired and dug in here and there but had been unable to find out anything about the State's finances and he felt certain that every member would wish to know just where the State stood financially, so he had introduced the order.

No further inquiry was made concerning his purpose or the extent of the order, which was adopted by a voice vote, without a dissenting vote. A report was received on Thursday from the State treasurer, but Mr. Rounds was not satisfied with it and had it tabled, saying he had arranged with the State auditor to furnish a report that any man could read and understand.

GOULD'S ACADEMY

Katherine Brown is suffering from a sprained ankle.

Flourance Young and Esther Tyler were week end visitors in Norway.

Elmer Bennett led the meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last Thursday afternoon.

Tha Y. W. C. A. met at Holden Hall Monday afternoon under the leadership of Vivian Jackson, the topic for discussion being "The loveliness of Christ." Ruth Cole was pianist.

Next Friday evening there will be two more basketball games, Gould's vs. Norway, and Gould's girls vs. South Paris. They will begin at 7.30 sharp, and will be followed by a dance in Grange Hall.

The boys have organized a new debating club and have appointed Robert Hanson, George Thomas and Roger Bartlett as a committee to draft a constitution and by-laws. The girls will organize a similar club shortly.

The two basketball games last Friday were both victorious for Gould's, the boys defeating the town team by a score of 21 to 2, while the girls trimmed Mechanic Falls 9 to 6. A large crowd inspired the players, and the games were full of pep. The sum of \$25.00 was realized for the Undergraduate Association. A social was enjoyed after the games.

Troop 2 Bethel, Boy Scouts of America, held a public meeting in the gymnasium Saturday afternoon. After the pledge of allegiance to the flag, Scout Commissioner Pollard explained that it was the ninth anniversary of the founding of the Scout organization, and outlined the war work of the Scouts. After exhibitions of various activities, the boys closed the meeting with an impressive little ceremony each Scout repeating one of the Scout laws as he lighted a candle, while Scoutmaster Tibbitts lighted the three long candles representing the Scout oath.

MISS SADIE E. WIGHT

Miss Sadie E. Wight died at her home 445 Lakeside Ave., Sunday, Feb. 2, after a severe illness with bright's disease. She was 57 years, 11 months and 1 day old.

Miss Wight was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Seth Wight, late of West Bethel, Me., and the youngest of ten children. She was educated in the schools of Bethel and in her younger days taught school. She was a member of the Congregational Church, Bethel, Maine.

At the age of 20 years, Miss Wight located at 930 Boylston street and conducted one of the best known and most fashionable dressmaking parlors in Boston. She traveled extensively in Europe and imported all of her furs from Paris, London and other cities.

On account of ill health Miss Wight took up her residence on Lakeside Ave., Marlboro, six years ago and did dressmaking on a smaller scale, which, after awhile, advancing sickness made her abandon.

During her illness she was tenderly cared for by her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Wight, with whom she made her home.

She is survived by one brother Chas. S. Wight of Marlboro, Mass., and a sister, Mrs. E. P. Grever, of West Bethel, Me.

Interment was at West Bethel, Me., Wednesday, Feb. 5, Rev. Trieman officiating.

WIGHT-ADAMS

The marriage of Miss Goldie P. Adams of Stoneham and Fred A. Wight of Orland was solemnized Wednesday afternoon at the home of the officiating clergyman Rev. M. O. Balthus of Norway.

The couple were attended by the groom's sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde B. Corey, of Bethel. Shortly after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Wight left for a short wedding trip, leaving South Paris station amidst showers of confetti.

Mrs. Wight is the daughter of Will Adams of Stoneham. She graduated from Bridgton Academy, since that time she has been a successful teacher in the rural schools.

Mr. Wight is the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wight of Orland. He attended school at Gould's Academy for a while, later working on the home farm, making a successful farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wight will make their home in Orland. Their many friends wish them much happiness.

BETHEL INN

Hon. W. W. Thomas left for Portland, Tuesday morning for a few days.

H. E. Everett and wife of Portland were week end guests, leaving for home Monday morning.

Mrs. J. C. Vander Py and Miss Alice P. Jennings of New York are having a week's outing at Bethel Inn.

Mrs. B. J. Rothwell, who has been at Bethel Inn since October, spent the week end in Portland, returning to Bethel Monday morning.

Mrs. C. P. Heath, of Beach Bluff, Mass. returned home Tuesday after a two weeks' visit at Bethel Inn. Her son, Lieut. J. A. Heath, will remain until the end of the week.

Monday evening there was a very enjoyable dance at the Bethel Inn. Miss Blanche Herriek and O. B. George, Jr. furnished music for dancing, and light refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Collins of Lynn, Mass. are spending a week at Bethel Inn. This is their first trip here in winter although they have stayed at the Inn a number of times in summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy S. Brown of Lexington, Mass. were with us a few days, returning to their home the 8th. This is the third winter they have visited Bethel Inn, and they find no better place for an outing at this time of year.

There have been more travelling salesmen in Bethel the past two weeks than for many months. On Monday night T. P. Cawley, Orlando Libby, Appleton Moore, H. L. Haskell, A. E. Davis, L. H. O'Brien, all of Portland, and H. A. Woodside of Farmington, Me., were registered at Bethel Inn.

On Saturday, Feb. 8th, a party of eleven people from Fall River, Mass., arrived at Bethel Inn for a stay of a week or ten days. Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Marvel, Miss Bertha Jordan, Mr. C. N. Borden. Sunday they took a long hike through the country to get the lay of the land. Monday they climbed Farwell Mountain, and Tuesday they took sleighs to the foot of Mt. Abram, where they prepared their dinner in the open after climbing the mountain. The weather is ideal and although there is little snow, the sleighing is excellent and all are enjoying Bethel to the utmost.

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN FUND

Following is a list showing the amount of subscriptions to the United War Work Campaign Fund by the various towns in Oxford County, together with the amounts forwarded to Frederic O. Eaton, County Treasurer, to February 1, 1919.

Town	Total Amount Subscribed	Total Amount sent County Treas.
Albany	\$7.15	\$7.15
Andover	61.12	44.72
Bethel	2,896.61	2,510.11
Brownfield	341.19	341.19
Bucksfield	862.75	808.00
Byron	131.15	131.15
Canton	990.10	450.10
Danville	621.63	661.63
Dixfield	2,377.49	2,100.48
Fryeburg	2,017.02	1,894.02
Gilead	161.75	147.25
Greenwood	242.53	254.53
Hannover	124.00	124.00
Hartford	258.44	261.44
Hobbs	1,140.72	1,040.72
Hiram	865.55	820.55
Levell	644.00	644.00
Mason	17.00	17.00
Mexico	1,587.96	1,102.96
Newry	121.50	121.50
Norway	4,015.08	3,300.00
Oxford	769.11	615.35
Paris	3,412.93	3,055.93
Peru	340.13	340.13
Porter	856.75	335.21
Roxbury	141.75	141.75
Rumford	12,883.18	11,613.37
Stoneham	61.00	61.00
Stow	83.36	83.36
Sumner	350.00	218.94
Sweden	39.00	39.00
Upton	41.80	41.80
Waterford	779.61	779.61
Woodstock	480.11	398.11
	\$39,131.78	\$31,251.00

United War Work Campaign Fund

FREDERIC O. EATON, County Treasurer.

The final assessment and pledges are due March 1st and should be sent to the local committee on or before that date.

A BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs. Lucretia Barker celebrated her 80th birthday at her home, Tuesday, Feb. 11, with her children and grandchildren all present. During the afternoon neighbors and friends called to extend their congratulations. She received quite a number of presents, also a large shower of post cards, cake, fancy crackers and ice cream were served. An original poem by Addie Kendall Mason was read.

A BIRTHDAY MESSAGE.

Eighty years since you entered life's journey
On one beautiful winter's day,
Eighty years you've been and with the sorrowing,
Eighty years you have laughed with the gay,
Eighty years of sunshine and shadow
On the wonderful road of life,
Eighty years, O! so filled with duties—
As maiden, mother, and wife.
Never a word of repining,
When sorrow became your guest
You bowed to the Master's mandate,
Saying—"God doeth all for the best."
For us all you've a cheery greeting,
For each one a helping hand
You have taught us that a home eternal
Awaits in that "Better Land."

You have helped us to fight life's battles
With a steady, brave good will,
And altho' your years are many
You are helping us onward still.
The face that we love has grown careworn,
Youth's bloom has faded away,
But the lips speak a loving welcome
As we come to greet you today.

Your hands outstretched so quickly
Seem as swift as in days of old
When they smoothed away our worries
As our childish trouble we told.
And often we think and wonder
(Altho' you will never tell),
If those same dear hands, haven't sometimes
Spanked each of us soundly and well.

For we know that girls are wilful
And boys get a little wild,
And once someone said in their wisdom
"Spare spunk" and spoil the child.
Now here we stand to bear witness
That we are all unspooled and true
So no doubt there was many a spanking
That mother was witness to.

That's only a bit of nonsense
That ran right off my pen.
Maybe you'll think it's naughty
But please do not spank me again.
That her children shall call her blessed
We read in the "Old Book" true,
And today, O! dearest mother,
That is what we are calling you.

And may many another milestone
Be passed in health and cheer;
And I hope we shall all be together
When your birthday comes each year.
Addie Kendall Mason.
February 11, 1919.

CHURCH ACTIVITIES

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH
Morning service at 10.45. Sunday School at 12.00.
Evening meeting at 7. A union service of the Christian Endeavor and the Young People's Christian Union.

METHODIST CHURCH
Sunday services: Morning worship at 10.45. This will be the opening service of the Methodist Centenary Movement in the local church. The subject of the sermon will be, "The Stewardship of Prayer." Mr. Springer, minister for this church will give a five minutes talk on the Centenary Sunday School at 12.00. Junior League at 3.00. Evening service at 7.00. The pastor will give a twenty minute talk on an interesting subject.
Tuesday night class meeting at 7.30. The Ladies' Aid will meet in the church parlors on Friday afternoon at 2.30 for work. At 6.15 a Valentine covered dish supper will be served to the members of the parish. Each lady to bring food in a covered dish, also a pair of old rubbers.

NOTICE

A letter from Senator Bert M. Farwell, of Maine, informs us that seeds assigned for this State, under the Government's free distribution plan, will be shipped from Washington about March 15. This will mean that the supply which the Senator has arranged for the Oxford County Citizens to distribute among its farmers ought to be available by March 20.

GRANGE NEWS

CANTON GRANGE

A good number of members were in attendance at Canton Grange meeting, Saturday. The meeting was open to the public in the afternoon, when Miss Platte of Orono gave an interesting and instructive talk on "Home Economics." After this talk the members each gave a limit which they thought a saving of time and strength in the home. A question, "Some everyday wastes and how to check them," was discussed in the forenoon. The Grange choir furnished excellent music and a reading was given by Miss Ethel Russell. The first and second degrees will be conferred at the next meeting.

ROUND MOUNTAIN GRANGE

Round Mountain Grange was invited to spend Saturday, Feb. 8, with North Waterford Grange. Such a perfect winter day made every one feel like "going for a good time." Bro. Geo. Cummings adjusted his sleds for people instead of pulp and took Mr. and Mrs. Irving Becker, Mrs. Charles Becker and daughter, Myrtle, Miss Anna and Edith Cummings. Others who went were: Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Wardwell, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Cummings, Daisy Philbrook, Hugh Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. James P. Kimball, Charles and Irving Morey. One could but enjoy the drive with such fine sleighing. Our Brothers and Sisters of North Waterford gave us a cordial greeting. A social hour was spent when a bountiful dinner was served after which Bro. W. B. Cummings assisted by Bro. Geo. Cummings installed the officers of North Waterford Grange. An interesting program of readings and music was given, followed by remarks from nearly all present. As we returned toward Round Mountain we felt that we had enjoyed "a good day."

METHODIST CENTENARY MOVEMENT

Program of the Centenary of Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which began this year, embodies four great objectives:

First: The enlistment of the whole church, if possible, in an actual campaign of intercession for the deepening and enrichment of the spiritual life of our people, and the release of those divine forces essential to the accomplishment of her present task.
Second: The enrollment of at least one million Methodists in acknowledgment of partnership of life with our Lord, by the practice of stewardship, with the payment of the tithe as the expression of its minimum obligation.
Third: The enlistment, selection and training of young people for Christian service in the Home or Foreign field as a life calling.
Fourth: The raising of eighty millions of dollars, to be paid in during the next five years, for the immediate and urgent material needs of our work on both the Home and Foreign fields.

President Wilson in consultation with the representatives of the Centenary movement, said, "I think it would be a real misfortune, a misfortune of lasting consequences, if the missionary program for the world should be interrupted. There are many calls for money, of course, and I can well understand that it may become more difficult than ever to obtain money for missionary enterprises. But that the work undertaken should be continued, and continued, as far as possible, at its full force, seems to me of capital necessity, and I for one hope that there may be no slackening or recession of any sort."

Sir Julian Byng said to Bishop McConnell of the M. E. Church, "What is concerning me is the task before the Church of God. That is what is concerning me. I trust that you will go back to your own country and go to your own people, and in every way that you can urge upon them that in the days, the terrible days ahead of us, the days after the war, the Church shall not fail."

Next Sunday the local church will take up this Centenary Program. The pastor will outline the plan of the campaign, and preach on the Stewardship of Prayer.

CARD OF THANKS

I take this opportunity to thank all those who so kindly helped me celebrate my birthday by their presence, and, also for the shower of post cards.
Mrs. Lucretia B. Barker.

CONGOLEUMS

I am closing out 100 sq. yds. of gold seal guaranteed Congo-leum at cost, 50 cents per sq. yd.
JACK'S FURNITURE STORE.

WANT COLUMN.

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.
Each word more than 25: One week, 1 cent and each additional week, 1/2 cent.

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE

OVERSHOES for men, women and children.

FELT SHOES in all sizes and weights.

LUMBERMEN'S OUTFITS in all kinds of combinations.

Large assortment of RUBBERS.

WOOL MACKINAWs at special reduced prices.

I have a lot of No. 1 shoes that I am offering at genuine BARGAIN prices.

Phone 14-4

FOR SALE

A Combination Desk and Book Case, 8 drawers in desk, glass doors in book case. Would make an ideal Kitchen Cabinet.

JACK'S FURNITURE STORE.

WANTED

HOME EMPLOYMENT. BRAIDING rugs for us is pleasant, easy, well-paid work. For particulars address Phelps & Pinkham, Inc., 310 Anderson St., Portland, Maine. 1-2342.

Dr. Austin Tenney, Oculist, will be at the residence of Clarence Hall, Bethel, Saturday, March 1st, and about once each month thereafter. Eyes treated. Glasses fitted.

NOTICE

For the balance of February I will sell at the following prices:
Heavy Bacon, 40c per lb.
Light Bacon, 35c per lb.
Mild or Strong Cheese, 30c per lb.
Best Heavy Native Pork, 30c per lb.
Best Light Native Pork, 28c per lb.
50 lb. lots or over, 25c per lb.
Pure Home Made Lard, \$1.50 per barrel.
Discount will be allowed on 25 lb. lots or more.
Evaporated milk, tall cans, 15c
W. C. BRYANT,
Bethel, Maine.

Have your UPHOLSTERING DONE NOW. We are prepared to do your SPRING Work now at Winter prices.

JACK'S FURNITURE STORE.

Will pay 3 cents per pound for clean rags suitable for wiping presses.

CITIZEN OFFICE.

PORTLAND AUTO SHOW

MARCH 2nd to 8th

The annual auto show of the Portland Automobile Dealers Association will be staged in Portland, March 2nd to 8th, and extensive preparations are now well under way. It will surpass in more ways than one the successful events of bygone years, for in view of the prospects for a banner season of motoring during 1919 neither time nor money will be spared in arranging an event truly in keeping with the spirit of the times.

The show will be held in the mammoth Exposition Building which is already being transformed into a literal abode of practically every type of pleasure car, while motor trucks in all styles and in all sizes will also be exhibited. The main floor of the building will be given over to the display of pleasure cars and accessories, while the basement of the big structure will be devoted to the exhibit of trucks, and every available inch of space will be occupied for the demands made by dealers this year is greater than in seasons past.

This event the first week in March will reveal to the enthusiastic Maine who are expected to flock to Portland during that period an object lesson of how the world's greatest industry has gradually assumed a normal status after having devoted its greater facilities to the demands brought about by the war. It will be Maine's greatest and one of New England's greatest plays, set off with one of the most gorgeous decorative schemes in the country. Special entertainment features will be provided during the afternoon and evening hours.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL
BETHEL, MAINE.

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1919.

NORWAY

Miss Ethel Walker gave a surprise dinner Friday evening to Miss Alice Tucker in honor of her approaching marriage to Linwood E. Fogg.
The annual Parish meeting and banquet of the Second Congregational church was held Thursday evening. More than a hundred gathered around the banquet table for an excellent spread. At the business meeting which followed Howard D. Smith was chosen moderator. The old board of officers was re-elected as follows: Clerk, Geo. W. Holmes, who has served in this capacity since 1882; secretary and treasurer, Eugene N. Swett; collector, A. L. P. Pike; parish committee, Herbert P. Andrews, Lewis J. Gilbert, Edwin S. Cummings, Dr. Harry P. Jones, John Haines; finance committee, William P. Jones, James N. Tubb and Hon. Albert J. Fogg. The reports of the officers showed conditions to be the best in the history of the church, with bills paid, the church debt materially decreased, and all departments in a flourishing condition.

The Norway High school paper, the Cadmus, published semi-annually by the students, left the hands of the printers this week. This edition is dedicated to their former principal, Percival E. Hathaway, who had been associated with the school seventeen years previous to this year.
Lester Witham has received his discharge from the service and returned home Wednesday from Alaska, where he has been in camp as instructor since returning from France several weeks ago.

Napoleon Roy and Eugene Deschamps have both received their discharge and have returned home.
Roscoe Merrill has arrived in New York from France, as per telegram to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Merrill. Russell Bethel, who was recently discharged from the service, has returned to Tufts Dental College to finish his course.

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Stimpson formerly of Watford, are stopping at William A. Rice's for a time. Dr. Stimpson has recently received his discharge from Camp Upton, where he has been stationed for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Nasel Saleeby, Winter street, have recently heard their people in Syria, from whom they had received no word for about three years, were killed during the war.

Alton Tucker, superintendent of the Burnham & Merrill Curn Packing plant at Norridgewock, is at home visiting his father, Benjamin Tucker, Norway Lake, for a few days.

Miss Marie Downing was in Portland over the week end, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moore.

Miss Mary Driscoll was in Lewiston over the week end.

Mr. George L. Curtis and Mrs. Eliza both spent over in Lewiston for the day, Saturday.

Mrs. George W. Harnes of Auburn and Mrs. Marshall Pitts of Harrison were in town, Thursday, to attend the annual parish meeting and banquet at the Congregational church.

Miss Flora Smith, a trained nurse, who has been with Miss Florence Hildebrand nearly a year, is at her home in Ken-

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address: F. J. CLEGG & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists.

absent for a week.
Albert Cook of Windham and Mrs. Nellie Nichols of Everett, Mass., have been the guests of their brother, Frank J. Cook, and family this week.

Miss Mildred Millett is at her uncle's, Frank W. Farnes, for the winter. Leon Kesch, who has been a guest of his cousin, Mrs. Frank E. DeGoster, and family has returned to Boston.

John G. Housley has moved to this village from Haverhill, Mass.

Miss Edna Haynes of Methuen, Mass., an instructor in Simmons College, Boston, has been a guest of the family of Dr. and Mrs. Herman L. Bartlett.

A. W. Ramsdell has purchased the Arthur Russell place near the tannery bridge. Mr. Ramsdell will move his cobbling business into the first floor and occupy the second floor as a residence. Alphon L. Buck of the firm of Brown, Buck & Company, was in New York last week on a business trip. He was accompanied by Fred B. Brown of the company who joined him in Portland.

Mrs. E. L. Butler of Lexington, Mass., is spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. Frank L. Starbird.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. King of Portland and C. W. Hazen of Beverly, Mass., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Swain last week.

Prof. Geo. A. Yeaton has been making a survey of sheep in Oxford County. He found 3,417.

Harold Drake is spending a few days with grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Drake, in Auburn.

RICHARDSON HOLLOW GREENWOOD
Mrs. W. E. Penley was in Norway one day recently.

Peter Kuvaja has been hauling sawdust from Greenwood City.

Ross Upton is ill with a stomach trouble.

G. W. Richardson and Mrs. Sabrina Jackson attended Pomona Grange at Bryant's Pond last Tuesday.

Mr. Sello, who lives in Peter Kuvaja's rent, has gone to Lebanon to work for Kalle Heikkinen.

Mrs. W. E. Penley and Mrs. R. E. Chapman and son, Raymond, spent the afternoon with Mrs. G. W. Richardson, recently.

G. W. Richardson was in Waterville on insurance business the last of the week.

August Villala has begun hauling pulp for E. W. Penley from the Everett lot near Patch Mountains.

W. E. Penley went to Locke's Mills to a school board meeting last Saturday.

A. A. Noyes is hauling pulp to Norway.

Mr. Lewis was in town buying cows, recently.

G. W. Richardson was in Locke's Mills on tax business, Monday.

Clarence Richardson and family were guests of his father, G. W. Richardson, Sunday.

R. E. Chapman and family, also Henry White and grandson were Sunday callers at John Noyes'.

Kalle Heikkinen was in town, Sunday. He came by auto from Lebanon.

Mrs. Sabrina Jackson is spending a few days at South Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Chapman and son were in Norway on business, Monday.

SOUTH PARIS

George H. Walker of Portland was in town, Friday.

J. F. McArde of Boston is visiting his native town.

Mrs. James G. Littlefield was in Portland, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Oliver were in Lewiston, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Park were in East Sumner, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Simpson spent last Tuesday in Portland.

Miss Alice Swan of Lynn, Mass., is a guest at E. A. Taylor's.

Harry M. Shaw, Esq., made a business trip to Portland one day last week.

Miss Mae Fales Penfold of Portland is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. William P. Morton.

Miss Flora Murch is in Beverly, Mass. She will spend several weeks there visiting a cousin.

Wilson Walker has taken over the Paris Home Bakery and will reorganize the business.

The Ladies' Aid of the Deering Memorial church met with Mrs. Ellen Curtis, Thursday.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of the Baptist church met with Mrs. Ethel Noyes, Thursday afternoon.

Alden Mason, Melvin Mason and Alden Mason, Jr. of Bethel were guests at Mrs. L. E. Dean's last week.

Mrs. Mary H. Crockett left Wednesday for a visit of a few weeks to her daughters and other relatives in Massachusetts. She is at present in Abington.

Mrs. Howard R. Carter delightfully entertained three tables at auction bridge at her home on Western avenue Thursday afternoon, Feb. 6.

Percival Hathaway, who left here last summer, is now manager of employment and welfare department in The Northern Trust Co. of Chicago.

Lieutenant Eugene Lowell, who has very recently received his discharge from the U. S. Army, and spent a few days with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Robinson, is now spending a few days in Portland, as a guest of Harold Dunham.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie L. Mason are planning to spend the month of March in the South, going from here to Jacksonville, Florida. They plan to have their car shipped and make the trip home by automobile.

Mrs. Thomas Barnes visited friends in Portland, Friday and Saturday.

Parker Prince of Gorham, N. H., a shoe salesman, was in town, calling on relatives, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Oliver were in Lewiston for the day, Friday.

Miss Muriel Bowker of Gorham Normal and Mrs. S. N. Collier and daughter, Mary Collier, were week end guests of Miss Bowker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Bowker.

Official programs for the annual ladies' night of Kora Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, to be held in Lewiston, Feb. 20 and 21, were sent out Wednesday. Among the assistants to the Illustrious Potentate is Walter L. Gray of this village.

Mrs. Walter Twitchell of the Paris Hill road, who was called to Oakland last week by the serious illness of her son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Twitchell, has returned to her home as the sick ones have sufficiently recovered to warrant it.

Little Miss Pauline Ripley, who has been spending the past three months with her grandparents in Albany, Mr. and Mrs. Eben Barker, has returned to her home.

Freeland Witham was operated on for tumor on the brain at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital in Boston, Wednesday. It is learned he stood the operation well, and has a good prospect of recovery.

At the annual meeting of the Stan- ton Club, the Bates College Alumni Association of Maine, in Lewiston, Friday evening, Hon. Allen C. Wheeler was elected president. Mr. Wheeler graduated from Bates in the class of 1888.

A business men's meeting was held at the office of the clerk of courts, St. Paris, Tuesday evening, in regard to the street railroad situation. About sixty persons were present, with rather more from Norway than South Paris, but a large proportion of the larger taxpayers of both villages. Colonel A. J. Stearns of the Norway Board of Trade explained the situation at some length. He was followed by Hon. Allen Wheeler and Parley F. Ripley of South Paris Board of Trade, and they in turn by R. G. McElroy and Herman L. Harnes of Norway. The matter was pretty thoroughly discussed and it was the sense of the meeting that a street railroad between the villages was a necessity, and that the villages should oppose a discontinuance of the road, also the fact before the Legislature for discontinuance of service and disposition of franchise. It was voted that a committee from each board of trade should be appointed to take the matter in charge. Colonel A. J. Stearns was appointed chairman of a committee from the Norway board and Parley F. Ripley from the South Paris board, with authority to fill in the remaining members.

The residents of the South Paris high school have just issued the Chronicle

for February. It is a well gotten up issue of forty-six pages, and reflects great credit upon all who had part in the production. The editorial board follows:

Editor-in-Chief—Beryl Silver.
Associate Editor—Doris Kerr.
Literary Editor—Annette Stearns.
Exchange Editor—Emma West.
School Notes—Doris Cole.
Alumni Notes—Ruth Winslow.
Chronicles—Lillian Judkins, Marion Clark.
Girl Athletics—Doris Kerr.
Boy Athletics—Gustava Porter.
Business Manager—Roy Hammond.
Asst. Business Manager—Maynard Curtis.

The issue is dedicated to Merila G. Joy, superintendent of Paris schools. An honor roll of 67 persons is printed, who are or have been in the United States service. Alumni notes of the classes of 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 and 1918 are given, and a general account of the activities of the school since the issue of the June number.

A series of conferences with municipal officers and others interested in road construction and maintenance has been arranged according to custom by the State Highway Commission. L. D. Barrows, assistant engineer in charge of State aid construction work, and A. J. Wiggins, superintendent of maintenance, will represent the commission at these conferences. The conference for Oxford County will be held at the court house at South Paris, Tuesday, Feb. 18, from 1:30 to 4 p. m.

NEWRY

Leon Enman is at work for Irving French, getting out birch for the mill. G. H. Learned has finished working for J. P. Skillings, and is hauling birch for Tebbels mill.

Lester Enman is at Upton, working. Ed. McPherson is at North Newry at work in the mill. People are running autos in town.

NORTH NEWRY

Merle Parker, who has spent several weeks in Portland with his uncle, has returned home.

Wilfred Kilgore is working for J. P. Skillings.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Littlejohn of Errol were guests at W. B. Wright's and Mrs. Littlejohn will spend a few days in town. Mr. Littlejohn returned to Errol, Thursday.

The Westliffe Club met with Shirley and Albert Brooks Wednesday, Feb. 5. A short program of music and jokes was given by the members. Dainty refreshments were served. They will meet next with Pearl and Madeline Brick.

Chas. Hubert, Bapt. of Schools, was at L. E. Wright's last week.

Mrs. W. D. Kilgore and Master Warren Berry went to Upton, Saturday.

Mrs. Emma Kilgore of Bethel is spending a few days with Aunt Betty Kilgore.

Dr. Twaddle was in town, Saturday with an auto. Quite a night to see autos out this time of year on Bear River.

GROVER HILL

H. A. Lyon recently shot a large horned owl which measured 5 feet from tip to tip of its wings. Mr. Lyon has sent the bird away to be mounted.

Mrs. B. R. Tibbets and Mrs. Anna French from Bethel village were guests of Mrs. Harry Lyon at the farm, Friday.

Mrs. W. H. Hutchinson, who was not as well last week, seems to be improving.

Miss Ida M. Haselton, who has been sewing for Mrs. Sherman Haselton at Bethel village, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wright from Marlboro, Mass., called to see their brother-in-law, Mr. George Grover, one afternoon last week.

Mr. Eli P. Stearns from Bethel was recently here on business.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Wheeler and son, Earllyn, from Bethel village called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Grover, Sunday.

Mr. M. P. Tyler recently sold a cow to Leland Mills of North Albany.

T. B. Burke bought some stock of N. A. Stearns last week.

WEST GREENWOOD

A party from the Bethel Inn enjoyed a snowshoe trip up Mt. Abram one day last week.

Sergeant John M. Harrington has received his honorable discharge from Camp Upton, N. Y., and is now spending a part of the winter at his home.

"One Pipe does it all"

The Magee One Pipe Furnace



MAGEE One Pipe Furnaces have but one pipe and one register, so designed that it does the work of many.

MAGEE One Pipe Furnaces are reasonable in price; burn hard coal, soft coal, coke or wood, and the cost of installation is much less than any other style of heater.

MAGEE One Pipe Furnaces mean a cool cellar. You can keep your vegetables without trouble, for the entire bottom of the furnace is filled with cold air and throws off no heat, and the lower cooling is facilitated with air-circulating packing.

MAGEE One Pipe Furnaces are practical for almost every home. Write for particulars, showing, if possible, arrangement of your rooms, and we will advise you if the MAGEE ONE PIPE FURNACE is suitable for your particular requirements.

MAGEE FURNACE CO., Inc., Boston

MAGEE FURNACE CO., INC. BOSTON

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF

All Kinds of RUBBERS

to wear over stockings and leggings, all Rubber and Leather tops in a large variety. Our prices are always right.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, TELEPHONE 38-2
NORWAY, MAINE
We pay postage on all mail orders.

INSURANCE

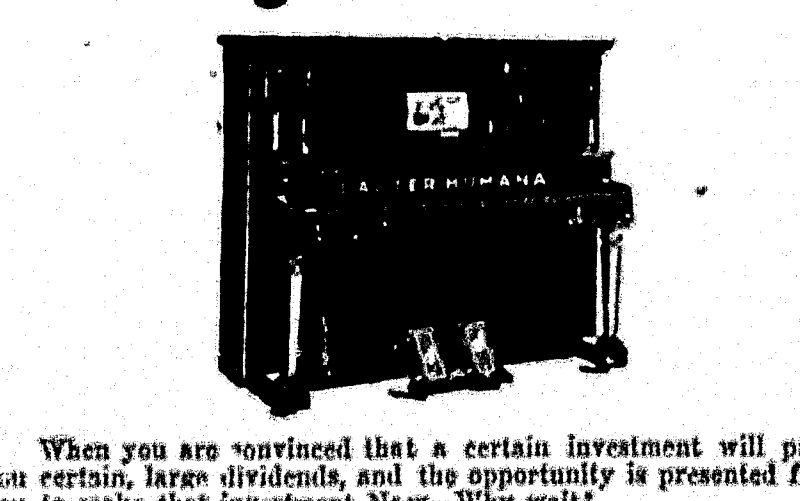
All Kinds of Insurance in the Best of Companies can be had at this office. Established in August, 1895, and being, therefore, one of the oldest agencies in Oxford County, this agency is prepared to give the same careful attention to your insurance needs as has marked its career for over FIFTY YEARS.

Consult us when next you have insurance to place.

STUART W. GOODWIN, Agent
SUCCESSOR TO FREEBORN HOWE
146 MAIN STREET. Telephone NORWAY, MAINE

Job Printing Done Promptly and Neatly at the Citizen Office

Buy It Now



When you are convinced that a certain investment will pay you certain, large dividends, and the opportunity is presented for you to make that investment Now—Why wait?

The Playerpiano will certainly prove a good investment for you and for your family; it will certainly pay you large dividends of pleasure, of satisfaction, of enjoyment and of good cheer all the rest of your life. Why wait?

The Playerpiano itself is so handsome, is such good value, the tone is so full and sweet, that taken all in all it is the opportunity of your lifetime to get all you want in music, just as you want it.

Come in and see the instrument. Test it any way you choose. Have your musical friends try it for tone, for touch, for shading, and then see how all the world of music unfolds before you as the Playerpiano as a player opens avenues of expression, of technique, that you have longed for but never hoped to enjoy. Don't wait—Come in Now.

Pianos Playerpianos Organs
New Music Rolls every month for the Playerpiano.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.
South Paris Maine

Daisy Baker's Mother Says



It is not only easy to do your own baking with WILLIAM TELL Flour, but it will give your bread a richer and a better flavor.

The wheat from which this flour is made is grown in the richest Valley in Ohio, and the rich limestone soil gives it a delicious flavor and wonderful baking qualities, superior to any other flour I have ever used.

At the same time, it goes so much further that you really save flour by using it.

Ask your grocer for WILLIAM TELL Flour—and prove for yourself that it does go further and makes better.

WILLIAM TELL

For Sale By J. B. HAM CO., Bethel, Maine.

THE HOME

Pleasant Revue
Dedicated
Mothers as
Home Circle
The

A VALE
By Arthur
If all be true that
Of good St. Valenti
Oh, then above the
The Snowdrops bash
The silver Trout of
Do swim together
The furry Hares of
Do make their gamb
The Birds their mat
And fly together, w
And all about the w
Go Youths and Maid
Then, Ever-Dearest,
And wander hand-in-

HOW CUSTOM
When St. Valenti
placed in the church
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In Allen Butler's
Salute" we read that
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from Rome—through
Britain, always in hi
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irog came to America

LINCOLN
To all the world, wit
The name of Lincoln
Men praise his faith,
His sense of justice, a
His patience vast, hi
And as I muse his vo

"Be sure, my people,
"That for these thi
pray:
"Right in your mind,
"Joy in your work,"
"Power in your wi
strong;
"Cheer in your heart
song."

Edwin

AMERICA'S MART
DENT

1809—Born in Hardi
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1816—Removed with
Kentucky to Indiana
1830—Removed to Illi
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of a farm laborer, a
a surveyor.
1836—Admitted to the
the practice of law f
1842—Served as a cap
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war.
1844—Elected to the
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1847—Elected to congr
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1858—As Republican c
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1860—Elected preside
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1861—On April 15, tw
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tell who have any trouble of
Lydia E. Pinkham's Ve
ground has done for me.
BETTINGHAM, 609 Calvert
more, Md.

It is only natural for a
dread the thought of a
happy women have been
health by this famous rem
Pinkham's Vegetable Co
an operation has been a
will say any woman who
each ailments to consider
See submitting to such a

THE HOME CIRCLE

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

A VALENTINE

By Arthur Gutterman
If all be true that was men say
Of good St. Valentine his day,
Oh, then above the melting snow
The snowdrops bashful kisses blow;
The silver trout of lake and stream
Do swim together fast to swim;
The furry Hares of health and glow
Do make their gambols, paw-to-paw;
The birds their mating carols sing
And fly together, wing-to-wing;
And all about the winking wing
Go youths and maidens, hand-in-hand.
Then, Ever-Dearest, hear my plea
And wander hand-in-hand with me.
—From Good Housekeeping.

HOW CUSTOM HAS SPREAD

When St. Valentine's name was placed in the church calendar the day of his death was made a festival to offset that of the Lupercalia on the 15th. In Allen Butler's "Lives of the Saints" we read that the zealous Christian fathers tried to substitute the names of the saints for those of girls in the lottery game, but without success. So the "Valentine" custom spread from Rome through Europe to Great Britain, always in high favor, and later in the form of sending tender missives came to America.

LINCOLN DAY

To all the world, with every year,
The name of Lincoln grows more dear;
Men praise his faith, his vision clear,
His sense of justice, far and near;
His patience vast, his lack of fear,
And as I muse his voice I hear:
"Be sure, my people, come what may,
That for these things you always pray:
"Light in your mind—a great ideal;
"Joy in your work—a tireless zeal;
"Power in your will—a conscience strong;
"Cheer in your heart—a good will song."
Edward A. Horton

AMERICA'S MARTYRED PRESIDENT

1800—Born in Hardin county, Kentucky, February 12. He was descended from a Quaker family, which had emigrated from Virginia about 1780.
1810—Removed with his family from Kentucky to Indiana.
1830—Removed to Illinois, where during the next few years he followed various occupations, including those of a farm laborer, a merchant and a surveyor.
1838—Admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in Springfield.
1842—Served as a captain and afterward as a private in the Black Hawk war.
1844—Elected to the Illinois legislature as a Whig and served eight years.
1847—Elected to congress on the Whig ticket.
1858—As Republican candidate for the United States senate he engaged in a series of joint debates throughout Illinois with the Democratic candidate, Stephen A. Douglas.
1860—Elected president of the United States on the Republican ticket, the disunion of the Democratic party giving him an easy victory.
1861—On April 15, two days after the fall of Fort Sumter, he issued a call for 75,000 volunteers, and the control of events passed from the cabinet to the camp.
1861—On April 19, proclaimed a blockade of Southern ports.
1862—September 22, issued a proclamation emancipating all slaves in states or parts of states, which should be in rebellion on January 1, 1863.
1861—Re-elected president by the Republican party, defeating Geo. B. McClellan, candidate for the Democratic party.
1865—Entered Richmond with the Federal army on April 4, two days after that city had been evacuated by the Confederates.
1865—Shot by John Wilkes Booth on April 14, and died the following day. Buried at Springfield, Ill.
Every man is said to have his peculiar ambition. Whether it be true or not, I can say for one, that I have no other so great as that of being truly esteemed of my fellow men, by rendering myself worthy of their esteem.—Lincoln.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headache and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatment would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—NELLIE D. BARRYMAN, 606 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

CHILD SAVED FROM WORMS

A mother of six children writes: "My baby was very sick and a friend of mine suggested trying Dr. Tru's Worm Expeller. Now I have six children and am never without Dr. Tru's Expeller in my house." Mrs. B. N. Gile, West Newbury, Mass.
Signs of worms are: Damaged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly with occasional gripings and pains about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short, dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow favor. If your child shows any of these symptoms, start giving Dr. Tru's Expeller at once.—Adv.

AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Real Estate, \$1,060,047.91	Stocks and Bonds, \$7,253,629.53
Stocks and Bonds, 533,483.67	Cash in Office and Bank, 533,483.67
Agents' Balances, 1,008,518.05	Interest and Rents, 61,514.42
All other Assets, 122,012.25	Deduct Items not admitted, 778,979.84
Gross Assets, \$12,145,205.83	Admitted Assets, \$11,366,226.19
Deduct Items not admitted, 778,979.84	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Admitted Assets, \$11,366,226.19	Not Unpaid Losses, \$1,266,030.86
Unearned Premiums, 2,892,332.49	All other Liabilities, 1,038,176.97
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,179,085.87
Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$11,366,226.19	

ST. PAUL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO., ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Real Estate, \$243,730.46	Mortgage Loans, 1,478,816.02
Mortgage Loans, 1,478,816.02	Collateral Loans, 10,288,896.63
Stocks and Bonds, 944,820.87	Agents' Balances, 1,134,800.00
Cash in Office and Bank, 639,143.04	Bills Receivable, 89,237.53
Agents' Balances, 576,291.56	Interest and Rents, 100,155.66
Interest and Rents, 111,065.20	All other Assets, 116,738.18
Gross Assets, \$8,271,400.39	Deduct Items not admitted, 722,639.57
Deduct Items not admitted, 1,075,705.10	Admitted Assets, \$14,026,943.83
Admitted Assets, \$7,195,695.27	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Not Unpaid Losses, \$1,323,559.16	Unearned Premiums, 675,617.46
Unearned Premiums, 675,617.46	All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 3,304,535.95
Surplus over all Liabilities, 3,304,535.95	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$14,026,943.83

PENNA. LUMBERMEN'S MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO., 806 CALAFAYETTE BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Mortgage Loans, \$122,500.00	Stocks and Bonds, 938,803.00
Stocks and Bonds, 938,803.00	Cash in Office and Bank, 99,900.00
Cash in Office and Bank, 99,900.00	Agents' Balances, 32,672.21
Agents' Balances, 32,672.21	Bills Receivable, 15,908.69
Interest and Rents, 28,341.90	All other Assets, 11,231.90
Gross Assets, \$1,231,296.27	Deduct Items not admitted, 33,773.36
Deduct Items not admitted, 33,773.36	Admitted Assets, \$1,197,522.91
Admitted Assets, \$1,197,522.91	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Not Unpaid Losses, \$1,197,522.91	Unearned Premiums, 32,672.21
Unearned Premiums, 32,672.21	All other Liabilities, 100,000.00
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 754,778.69
Surplus over all Liabilities, 754,778.69	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$1,197,522.91

EASTERN CASUALTY INSURANCE CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Mortgage Loans, \$5,000.00	Stocks and Bonds, 14,511.33
Stocks and Bonds, 14,511.33	Cash in Office and Bank, 14,511.33
Cash in Office and Bank, 14,511.33	Agents' Balances, 3,491.13
Agents' Balances, 3,491.13	Bills Receivable, 1,200.00
Interest and Rents, 5,115.72	All other Assets, 1,115.72
Gross Assets, \$167,913.02	Deduct Items not admitted, 2,415.93
Deduct Items not admitted, 2,415.93	Admitted Assets, \$155,497.09
Admitted Assets, \$155,497.09	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Not Unpaid Losses, \$155,497.09	Unearned Premiums, 16,411.48
Unearned Premiums, 16,411.48	All other Liabilities, 100,000.00
Cash Capital, 100,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 4,085.61
Surplus over all Liabilities, 4,085.61	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$155,497.09

THE HARTFORD STEAM BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Mortgage Loans, \$50,000.00	Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00
Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00	Collateral Loans, 12,999.00
Cash in Office and Bank, 5,323,227.47	Agents' Balances, 381,235.49
Agents' Balances, 381,235.49	Bills Receivable, 706,903.00
Interest and Rents, 108,152.83	All other Assets, 108,152.83
Gross Assets, \$8,999,175.81	Deduct Items not admitted, 638,438.53
Deduct Items not admitted, 638,438.53	Admitted Assets, \$7,810,647.28
Admitted Assets, \$7,810,647.28	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Not Unpaid Losses, \$7,810,647.28	Unearned Premiums, 3,329,343.88
Unearned Premiums, 3,329,343.88	All other Liabilities, 207,147.88
Cash Capital, 2,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$7,810,647.28

Buy Swasey Bean Pots

Of your Copper, Hardware, Grocer or Crockery Store. These are the best and most useful for cooking. They are made of pure copper and are guaranteed to last. Swasey Bean Pot. Name on every can.

CANTON

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Coolidge of Lisbon Falls have been guests of her aged parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Dearborn. Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes preached an eloquent sermon at the Universalist church, Sunday, taking for her subject, "The Life of Roosevelt." The church was decorated in bunting and a picture of Roosevelt in the center. Miss Forbes occupied the pulpit at Canton Point in the afternoon. She was entertained while in town by Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Waite.
Mrs. Eugene Morse of Livermore Falls has been a guest of Mrs. A. J. Foster and daughter, Mrs. Leslie Roberts, and family.
Harold Bradford has been visiting friends at his former home in Canton. D. D. G. M. Alden E. Johnson and D. G. M. A. S. Bicknell installed the officers of Tuscan Lodge, I. O. O. F. at Dixfield, Saturday evening. Other Odd Fellows who attended from Canton were: W. A. Lucas, F. B. Woodward, E. E. Westgate and C. A. Swett.
Miss Elva Fuller spent the week end at her home in town.
Verna, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Walker, is recovering nicely from scarlet fever. Mrs. John Briggs is caring for her.
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gammon and child have been guests of his brother, Geo. Gammon, and family of Livermore Falls.
L. B. Card of South Paris has been a guest of Chas. Buck.
Louis Delano of Rumford is spending a few days at the home of his sister, Mrs. Isabel Gammon.
The school at Canton Point has reopened after being closed for some time on account of sickness.
Speaking will be enjoyed at the high school department next Friday.
Margaret Castonguay injured her foot severely while coasting last week. At the last meeting of Anasagunticook Lodge, two candidates were admitted.
A whist party was enjoyed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Westgate, Tuesday evening.
Oliver Forcier has returned from overseas after being in the service for about a year.
Mrs. J. F. Hollis visited at Livermore Falls, Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Johnson entertained at whist Tuesday evening. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mitchell, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Garey, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Woodward, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Swett, Mrs. Mary Woodward and Sherman Dillon. Refreshments were served.
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lucas have been guests of L. E. Allen and family of Livermore Falls.
The Universalist parish enjoyed a supper at their church, Monday, and in the evening Rev. A. A. Blair of Livermore Falls spoke to the parishioners and friends. He was accompanied to Canton by Mrs. Nellie Poland and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Loring.
Mrs. Austin Hyde and son, Harland of Keokuk, Ia., have been guests of Dr. and Mrs. B. W. Bicknell.
Mrs. F. M. Oliver has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Will Lacey, of Rumford.
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Child are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Jan. 29th.
Corporal Dexter Gurney, Jr., has been honorably discharged from the service and returned home.
Mrs. Elmer R. Lane was a guest of relatives in town, Sunday.
Miss Lida Abbott is ill with the whooping cough.
Miss Mary E. Coburn has returned home from an extended stay in Massachusetts.
Mrs. C. E. Richardson has been a guest of Miss Lena Felt of Rumford and attended the meeting of Purty Rebekah Lodge, Friday evening.
Terry Marton has returned from overseas and is at Camp Merritt.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lane were Sunday guests of Miss Ethel Russell.
Arthur and Eleanor Westgate have been visiting friends in Lewiston for a few days.
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew P. York spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. C. Bartlett of Auburn.
Mr. and Mrs. Elliott W. Howe of Rumford have been guests of relatives in town.
O. L. Wadlin attended a meeting of the Northern Oxford Chapter, A. R. C. and his branches at Rumford, Monday.

VERMONT MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., MONTPELIER, VT.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Real Estate, \$50,000.00	Stocks and Bonds, 310,510.23
Mortgage Loans, 1,493,900.00	Cash in Office and Bank, 1,493,900.00
Stocks and Bonds, 310,510.23	Agents' Balances, 31,078.98
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,493,900.00	Bills Receivable, 2,000,000.00
Agents' Balances, 31,078.98	All other Assets, 1,891,057.43
Interest and Rents, 1,891,057.43	Deduct Items not admitted, 70,831.49
Gross Assets, \$3,253,431.15	Admitted Assets, \$3,182,599.66
Deduct Items not admitted, 70,831.49	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Admitted Assets, \$3,182,599.66	Not Unpaid Losses, \$3,182,599.66
Unearned Premiums, 3,182,599.66	All other Liabilities, 31,078.98
Cash Capital, 2,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$3,182,599.66

THE HARTFORD STEAM BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Mortgage Loans, \$50,000.00	Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00
Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00	Collateral Loans, 12,999.00
Cash in Office and Bank, 5,323,227.47	Agents' Balances, 381,235.49
Agents' Balances, 381,235.49	Bills Receivable, 706,903.00
Interest and Rents, 108,152.83	All other Assets, 108,152.83
Gross Assets, \$8,999,175.81	Deduct Items not admitted, 638,438.53
Deduct Items not admitted, 638,438.53	Admitted Assets, \$7,810,647.28
Admitted Assets, \$7,810,647.28	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Not Unpaid Losses, \$7,810,647.28	Unearned Premiums, 3,329,343.88
Unearned Premiums, 3,329,343.88	All other Liabilities, 207,147.88
Cash Capital, 2,000,000.00	Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,891,057.43	Total Liabilities and Surplus, \$7,810,647.28

THE HARTFORD STEAM BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets Dec. 31, 1918	Liabilities Dec. 31, 1918
Mortgage Loans, \$50,000.00	Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00
Stocks and Bonds, 1,493,900.00	Collateral Loans, 12,999.00
Cash in Office and Bank, 5,323,227.47	Agents' Balances, 381,235.49
Agents' Balances, 381,235.49	Bills Receivable, 706,903.00
Interest and Rents, 108,152.83	All other Assets, 108,152.83
Gross Assets, \$8,999,175.81	Deduct Items not admitted, 638,438.53
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BLUE STORES

It Pays To Wear Good Clothes

To have this kind of clothes one has to be careful in the selection of the maker and the reliability of the retailer.
For many years we have had very pleasant business relations with
A. B. Kirshbaum & Co., Philadelphia
Makers of All-Wool Men's Clothing
Ed. V. Price & Co., Chicago
Tailored - to - Order Clothes
They are big concerns in their respective lines and in every instance in case of adjustment have done just as we asked them.
You Can Be Certain If Ever You Have Any Complaint of Goods Purchased Of Us That You Will Be Satisfied.
Very rare is any dissatisfaction with the product of these concerns. We have their goods to show you.
WRITE—COME—TELEPHONE
NOYES & PIKE
Successors to F. H. Noyes Co.
NORWAY 2 Stores SOUTH PARIS

IRA C. JORDAN

General Merchandise

BETHEL, MAINE

Buttermakers, Attention!

Buyers will soon insist that your name be printed on butter wrappers. Common ink or an indelible pencil will not do. Our workmanship and quality of stock are of the best.

PRICES:

For sizes 9x12—8x12—8x11—9x11	For sizes 7x9—8x8—8x9
\$3.50 per 1000 Sheets	\$3.00 per 1000 Sheets
Postage 15 cents additional	Postage 10 cents additional
\$2.25 per 500 Sheets	\$2.00 per 500 Sheets
Postage 10 cents additional	Postage 10 cents additional

For each additional 1000 sheets ordered at same time, add to the price of first 1000, \$2.75 and 15 cents postage for each 1000
For each additional 500 sheets ordered at same time, add to the price of first 500, \$2.25 and 10 cents postage for each 500

The Citizen Office

LOCKE'S MILLS

Dellison Conroy, H. C. Rowe and F. H. Merrill of Bethel were in town, Sunday.
Stanley Wheeler of South Paris visited

The Red Tag Sale!

The Sale is still in progress and will continue until the lots are sold out.

Silk and Wool Dresses \$19.75 to \$28.75, now \$14.95.

Misses' and Ladies' Coats \$29.75 to \$43.75, now \$14.92 and \$19.75.

Furs, Muffs and Scarfs at big reductions.

Ladies' and Children's Sweaters are all marked down.

All Wool Serge, \$1.50 value for 95c.

Ladies' Wool Underwear \$1.50 to \$2.00 for 79c.

Lockwood Sheeting, 40 in., 24c, 36 in., 21c.

Bleached Sheeting, also good quality for underwear, 24c yard.

BROWN, BUCK & CO.

NORWAY, MAINE

INCOME TAXES MUST BE PAID BY MARCH 15

That there will be no general extension of time beyond March 15th for the filing of returns and for the payment of income and excess profits taxes due on that date, is the decision of Daniel C. Neper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The announcement was made recently by Collector Jones immediately following the approval by the Senate and House of the report of the conference on the new Revenue Bill.

"It is necessary to get the initial tax returns in by March 15th," says Commissioner Neper. "No other course is possible. Some months ago, the Treasury issued certificates of indebtedness to an amount approximating \$500,000,000, maturing March 15th. The first payment of the income and excess profits taxes for 1918 was planned for that date to meet this huge obligation."

"The American people have proven that there is no emergency too great to be met and solved by co-operation. The present situation is another emergency which can be overcome by co-operation. The Bureau extends its every force toward this end, and I am relying upon the people to meet the situation cheerfully."

"The Internal Revenue Bureau must carry out the programme prescribed in the new law, which requires all returns for 1918 to be filed on or before March 15th, 1919, and requires the first quarterly payment or the entire payment to be made on or before that date."

"Every taxpayer who can possibly do so is urged to make full payment of his income tax on or before March 15th. The quarterly payment method is intended for taxpayers whose financing of the tax at one time would tend to upset local financial conditions."

"The approval of the report of the conference by the Senate and House of Representatives brings the new Revenue Bill to the point where it may be assumed to be law. The Internal Revenue Bureau has been making preparations to collect the taxes which it provides, and is now putting all of its efforts into aiding the taxpayers to fulfill the obligations imposed."

"The Bureau has arranged to send an advisory force of several thousands of deputies and agents to assist taxpayers. These officers will be stationed at convenient points where they may be consulted without charge. Taxpayers should take the initiative and get in touch with these Revenue men for any needed advice and assistance in preparing returns."

"The forms for the tax returns are being printed and all forms will be in the hands of Collectors between Feb. 15th and March 1st."

APPLE WORK IN PROGRESS AT HIGHMOOR FARM

Its Continuance Dependent Upon Appropriation by the Legislature

The Legislature of 1909 made an appropriation for the purchase and equipment of an experiment farm upon which the Station was directed among other things to make investigations in apple orcharding. Highmoor Farm was purchased in the summer of 1909 and the following year a series of long term studies on the apple were begun. At that time the Station was receiving an increased appropriation from the Federal Government and was able to take up this work without appropriation for maintenance.

During the last 2 years the decreased purchasing power of the dollar has brought it about that the Station must have its funds from Federal sources supplemented by State appropriation or much of the work that has been in progress will have to be stopped for lack of money to pay the bills.

The following are the chief lines of work with the apple that are in progress. If stopped the larger part of the work and expense put into these studies would be lost.

Stock and seed experiment. Begun in 1910. Object: to study mutual effects with French crab and Tolman seedlings and a dozen standard varieties. Set in orchard in 1912. Will soon begin to give results.

Pollination experiments. Since 1912. Object: to study effect of self-pollination and reciprocal crosses, to learn the laws of inheritance in the apple, and develop new varieties better adapted to Maine conditions as e. g. to produce an apple with the good qualities of the Baldwin without its tendency for winter killing. Large numbers of seedlings now being tested in nursery orchard. Incidentally found that most varieties of the apple are quite self-sterile and this explains small set of fruit in solid blocks such e. g. as the Ben Davis orchards at Highmoor Farm. Studies on apple growth. Begun in 1910. Exact growth and yield records and other data for each tree at Highmoor Farm. Object: to obtain through the long series of years a mass of data on apple growth and bearing, the analysis of which will give answers to large numbers of questions now unanswered and, with present information, unanswerable.

Fertilizers for apple trees. Are they needed. Begun in 1912. Large blocks without fertilizer, with small, and with full fertilizer ration. Exact records are kept on growth and yield. Nothing in the results yet indicates that there have been gains from the use of fertilizer, i. e., the money expended for

fertilizer has been a dead loss. Cultures versus soil for apple trees. Begun in 1910 and again in 1915. Both trials showing marked decrease in yield and growth on the parts in soil, both with and without fertilizer. Sheep were added to this experiment in 1918 to see if grazing will reduce or offset the disadvantages of soil. This like most experiments is conducted at such a financial loss, both present and prospective, that the private grower could not afford to try it.

Apple spraying experiments. Begun in 1910. Object: to determine the most efficient spraying materials and best spraying program for apple orchards under Maine conditions. Considering the scope of these experiments, the length of time they have been carried on, and the plans outlined for their future prosecution, they are as far reaching as any work of the kind that has been done in this country. At Highmoor Farm the Station has been one of the pioneers in using, and has materially assisted in developing the methods for the use of lime sulphur combined with arsenicals in orchard spraying. It was first to show conclusively that some of the common insecticides, notably arsenates of lead, have material fungicidal value. It has shown that various spraying programs, or spray combinations, are useless or even detrimental under Maine climatic conditions. It has also shown that certain highly advertised proprietary compounds could not be used as recommended with safety. Numerous other results of importance have also been secured.

Chas. D. Woods, Director.

BETHEL AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Ira Jordan was in Portland, Friday.

Mr. Fred Hall was in Portland, Thursday.

Mrs. Clarence Bonnett was the guest of Mrs. C. L. Davis last week.

Exceptionally fine winter weather. Roads are fine for automobilizing.

Bergt. Philip Smith went to Norway, Monday, where he has employment.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Sawin were guests of relatives in Albany, Sunday.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. J. M. Philbrook, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. F. L. Edwards and daughter, Dorothy, went to Portland, Monday, to spend a week.

It is requested that all library books be returned to the library that they may be checked up.

Messrs. L. W. Russell, P. L. Edwards and Frank Bartlett are in Paris this week, serving on the jury.

Mr. Walter Bing and son, Wendall, of West Paris were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kendall, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bean of East Bethel were guests of Mr. Bean's sister, Mrs. Edmund Merrill, and family, Tuesday.

Miss Geneva Hutchins of New York and Mrs. Ralph Perkins of South Paris are guests of their sister, Mrs. Frank Bartlett.

Judge A. E. Herrick, E. C. Park, Esq., and H. H. Hastings, Esq., are attending the February term of the Supreme Court at South Paris this week.

Mrs. Cleveland West and son, Roy, who have been spending a few weeks with Mrs. West's mother, returned to their home in Errol, N. H., Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Den Kerkhof, en route to Boston, Monday, for a week's visit with friends. Mrs. Charles Heath is caring for the children during their absence.

Fertilizer for these thrifty bearing apple trees has been a dead loss.

Cultures versus soil for apple trees. Begun in 1910 and again in 1915. Both trials showing marked decrease in yield and growth on the parts in soil, both with and without fertilizer. Sheep were added to this experiment in 1918 to see if grazing will reduce or offset the disadvantages of soil. This like most experiments is conducted at such a financial loss, both present and prospective, that the private grower could not afford to try it.

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Chas. D. Woods, Director.

Save Magazine Money by ordering your Magazine or Newspaper subscriptions of

Carl L. Brown, Bethel, Me. Price List Free

MARSHALL DISTRICT

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Andrews and son, Ray, were at Indian Mountain, Sunday.

Thursday, Mrs. Allen Paine and sister, Christine Littlefield, called on Misses Niles and Irene Briggs.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Hanchett were callers at George Briggs' last week.

Mrs. George Briggs, who has been away visiting returned to her home, Monday.

Miss Nina Briggs was at Bethel one day, recently.

It pays to advertise.

Town reports are the order of the day.

Miss Helen Staples went to Portland, Monday.

Mr. A. L. Roberts went to Boston, Saturday to spend a few days.

Miss Evelyn Chandler of Norway is the guest of Miss Besse Wheeler.

Prof. W. R. Chapman went to Bangor on business the first of the week.

The Weatatt Club will meet with Mrs. W. H. Young, Thursday evening.

Mrs. Clifford Merrill and Mrs. Charles Heath were in Portland one day last week.

Mr. J. S. Hutchins has finished work in the South Portland shipyard and returned home.

Mr. D. C. Conroy was the guest of relatives at Mechanic Falls last week and drove his car home.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldana Brooks of Upton are guests of their daughter, Mrs. W. B. Towdell, and family.

Mr. Gannon has returned to Providence, R. I., after spending several days as the guest of Mrs. J. C. Billings.

Mrs. J. P. Skillings was in Portland last week to see Mr. W. H. Foley who is in a hospital for treatment.

Mrs. L. E. Cole and daughter of Locke's Mills were guests of Mrs. Cole's daughter, Miss Bertha Cole, Tuesday.

Rev. H. S. Truman was in Lewiston, Saturday, to attend a committee meeting of the Sunday Schools in relation to the Methodist Centenary Movement.

The Grange will hold their annual installation Thursday evening, Feb. 13, with Rev. J. H. Little as installing officer.

Dr. and Mrs. I. H. Wight and daughter, Vivian, were in Berlin, Saturday, to attend the funeral of doctor's brother, Mr. J. Howard Wight.

Mrs. Fannie Smith, who has been spending several days with her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Billings, returned to her home in Providence, R. I., Monday.

Watch the yellow slip on your paper and send in the money for your subscription before it expires. We stop the Citizen at the date shown on the yellow slip.

The annual installation of Sunset Robekah Lodge will be held Monday evening, Feb. 17, with District Deputy President Gertrude Libby as installing officer. Supper will be served at 6.30 to the members. The installation is to be private.

The remains of Mr. Alfred James Smith of Bethel, N. H., formerly of Bethel, were brought to Bethel, Sunday and placed in the receiving tomb at Woodlawn cemetery. He was the son of Osman and Mary Stearns Smith, and a brother to George and Edwin Smith of Bethel.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. Cilley the Ladies' Club was entertained by Miss True at Bethel last Thursday afternoon. The chairs were arranged in the form of a horseshoe, and as the members kept arriving the horseshoe kept increasing in size until it reached from the fireplace to the door, so the music room was well filled. After a short program, Mrs. Cilley, very hospitably served tea which in addition to the social hour was very much enjoyed.

The many friends of Miss McQuade, who was one of the teachers in Gould's Academy last year, will be pleased to hear of her success in her present position as principal of the Academy in South China, Me. She was given a salary of \$2,000, and she was to choose her assistant. There is a dormitory connected with the Academy and she has charge of the whole. Everything indicates a very profitable and successful year for the school.



\$21.50
Is All We Ask for These Fine All Wool Suits

Made to Order

Two-Piece Suits, \$21.50
Three-Piece Suits, \$24.50

A big variety of splendid woolens to pick from. Same fabrics others ask \$30 to \$35 for.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly and please you in every way.

ASK TO SEE

Our big variety of materials tailored to measure \$16.50 at

WONDERFUL VALUES!

Scotch
Woolen Mills

Ceylon Rowe & Son
Bethel, Maine

ALBANY

Miss Olive Wardwell, who has been spending a few days at home, has returned to Portland.

The Ladies' Missionary meeting was held with Mrs. Angie Benn, Tuesday afternoon.

The Ladies' Circle was held at the vestry, Thursday evening. The young ladies are to entertain the March Circle. A nice entertainment is expected, also a good attendance as usual.

Mrs. Harry McNally, who has been spending several weeks visiting with her sister in Exeter, returned home, Saturday.

Grain and Flour

Corn, Oats and Mixed Feeds for Horses and Cattle

The Park & Pollard Feeds for Hens

Peerless, William Tell and Washburn-Crosby's

Flours at \$1.50 per bag \$12.00 per barrel

J. B. HAM CO.,
BETHEL, MAINE

VALENTINES

Local View, Holiday and Birthday

Post Cards

at wholesale or retail.

OXFORD POST CARD CO.

Citizen Office

Bethel, Maine

COTTAGE STUDIO NOTES



When he comes home—there should be a new portrait to record the event.

Make the appointment for him.

NORWAY, MAINE

WE'LL PAY YOU \$1.00

FOR YOUR OLD FOUNTAIN PEN

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY PROVIDED YOU BUY A

Crocker INK-TITE SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN

(ONLY ONE OLD PEN TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR EACH NEW PEN PURCHASED.) This unusual offer is one of our original methods of advertising the Crocker, the most satisfactory self-filling pen made.

We make a big sacrifice, for the old pens are frequently worthless, but the splendid things you say about the Crocker Pen induces many others to buy it, so although we lose at the start, we gain at the finish.

The pens we offer are the genuine Crocker Ink-Tite Pens worth the full retail price. It is simply impossible to buy a better fountain pen anywhere.

Exchange Your Old Pen Now. DON'T WAIT.

EDW. P. LYON, BETHEL, ME.

Irving Morey has been discharged from Camp Devens.

A letter has been received from Elmer Saunders, stating that he had returned from overseas and was in New York.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN IS ONLY \$1.50 PER YEAR WHEN PAID IN ADVANCE. SUBSCRIBE NOW.

RUMFORD

The following program has been arranged at Rumford Mechanics Institute under the direction of the new physical instructor, Mr. N. E. Downs. Business Men's Class, Monday and Friday, 4.30 to 6 P. M.; men's evening class, Monday and Thursday, 8 to 9.30 P. M.; ladies afternoon class, Tuesday and Thursday, 3 to 4.30 P. M.; ladies evening class, Wednesday, 7 to 8 P. M.; junior boys' class, Saturday, 10 to 11.30 A. M.

The committee on the Lyceum Course of entertainments have secured Dr. Lincoln McConnell, for a lecture, in place of Captain DeBeaufort, who is unable to come. Dr. McConnell is very highly spoken of.

Edward Connors of Rumford, who is now stationed at the U. S. Navy Headquarters in Paris, France, writes home that he is enjoying life very much. He was in Paris when the celebration took place, rejoicing over the armistice, and witnessed two celebrations: beside, up to the time of his writing, one when King George of England arrived, and another when King Albert of Belgium arrived. He is visiting a great many of the noted places, and does not expect to arrive home for several months as yet.

Albert Bellevue will at once resume his law practice at his former office in Stratglass building.

Private Joe Dorocho, who has received his discharge from Company D, 25th Machine Gun Company, Camp Devens, has accepted the position as manager of the Institute bowling alleys.

R. A. LaCroix, the real estate agent, has sold to Mrs. Robert Pierault, the Major Allen building at the corner of Bridge and River streets.

Mrs. Edith Mitchell has opened a parlor in Hall block, where she will do shampooing, facial massage and manicuring.

Mrs. Charles Walker, night operator at the local telephone exchange, is quite ill in Brunswick, where she has been caring for her sister, who has been very ill.

Arthur Gebhardt, a chiropractor, has taken offices over Bower's Pharmacy. He is a graduate of the Palmer School.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Faxon of Pinus street are soon to leave to make their future home in Lewiston, where Mr. Faxon will be employed by the Prudential Life Insurance Company.

A telegram has been received by Mrs. Fred Curtis that her son, Roscoe, has landed in New York City from France.

Miss Mary Gauthier has returned from New York City, where she spent four weeks in the millinery establishment of Gage and Johnson getting new ideas in spring millinery.

The following officers of the Woman's Relief Corps have been installed for the coming year:

President—Annie McEneaney.
S. V. P.—Johanna Schenauer.
J. V. P.—Rosa Clough.

Chaplain—Lena Frow.
Treasurer—Lila Felt.
Conductor—Lila Frow.

Guard—Marguerite Hoderick.
Secretary—Flora McCoy.
Patrol—Frances Fortier.

Press—Christine Peterson.
Musician—Mrs. Gonyea.
Asst. Conductor—Leona Gonyea.

Asst. Guard—Artemise Cyr.
Color Bearer 1—Mrs. Reed.
Color Bearer 2—Clara Randall.

Color Bearer 3—Eva Roderick.
Color Bearer 4 was absent.

It is hoped that Rumford may have a captured German cannon to set up in a conspicuous place in the village, and if the efforts of Congressman White are successful, they will have. State Representative Frederic O. Eaton has written Congressman White regarding the matter.

Charles Levin, of the firm of Levin, Singer & Company, has purchased the interest of Mr. Singer and is now sole proprietor of the concern. The store was closed until March, during which time it will be remodelled. Mr. Herman Brief, who has been manager of the store since Mr. Levin joined the firm, and the new firm will be known as the Charles Levin Company, managed by Charles Levin.

Beginning last Sunday, until further notice, there will be a continuous performance at the Opera House from 3 P. M. until 10 P. M., during which time the scheduled performance will be shown four times.

The question to be discussed this year in the Bates Intercollegiate League, is announced to be, "Resolved, that Municipalities should adopt the

fine Ap

So many people have praised this medicine in overcoming very distressing forms of asthma, that we feel sure it will help you in an extremely economical for family use, we save money by giving it the preference. You see, your appetite will return, you will enjoy food in much better spirits after taking a few speccs, relieve constipation and in a splendor. Insist upon having the TRUE "L. F." of your dealer. Price 25 cents. Guaranteed by Fine Co., Portland, Maine.

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J. V. P.—Irene Clough.
Chaplain—Lena Frew.
Treasurer—Lena Fell.
Conductor—Ida Moore.
Guard—Marguerite Hoderick.
Secretary—Flora McCoy.
Patriotic In.—Frances Fortier.
Press Cor.—Christine Peterson.
Musician—Mrs. Gonyea.
Asst. Conductor—Leona Gonyea.
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Color Bearer 4—Mrs. Reed.

It is hoped that Rumford may have a captured German cannon to set up in a conspicuous place in the village, and if the efforts of Congressman White are successful, they will have. State Representative Frederic O. Eaton has written Congressman White regarding the matter.

Charles Levin, of the firm of Levin Slinger & Company, has purchased the interest of Mr. Slinger and is now sole proprietor of the concern. The store is now closed until March, during which time it will be remodelled. Mr. Herman Brief, who has been manager of the store since Mr. Levin joined the firm, and the new firm will be known as the Charles Levin Company, managed by Charles Levin.

Beginning last Sunday, until further notice, there will be a continuous performance at the Opera House from 2 P. M. until 10 P. M., during which time the scheduled performance will be shown four times.

The question to be discussed this year in the Bates Intercollegiate League, is announced to be, "Resolved that Municipalities should adopt the

TO AILING WOMEN

A Little Sound Advice Will Help Many a Sufferer in Bethel

No woman should consider herself healthy and well if the kidneys are weak. Poisons that pass off in the secretions when the kidneys are well, are retained in the body when the kidneys are disordered. If the kidneys and bladder become inflamed and swollen, worse troubles may quickly follow. This is often the cause of bearing-down pains, lameness, backache, etc. Urine poisoning is also frequent cause of headaches, dizzy spells, languor, nervousness, and rheumatic pain.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, a remedy that has proven effective in thousands of such cases. Let a Bethel woman tell of her experience. Mrs. Walter E. Bartlett, Chapman St., says: "I feel I can honestly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, and I gladly do so. I used this medicine some time ago and the results I received were in every way satisfactory. Since then I have had no return of kidney trouble."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Bartlett had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

city manager form of government. Of last year's fine debating team at Stephens High school, four members are still in school including Phil Clark, Abbott Nile, Stanley Powell, and Hudson Breanick. This year sixteen other young men of this school have been tried out for position on the team, with the result that Carroll Griffin and Sylvio Gonyea have been selected.

The preliminary debates will be held as usual on the third Friday in March, while the final debate will be on the third Friday in April.

Rumford Order of Moose are making plans for a splendid affair on this, their third annual carnival which is to open Friday evening, Feb. 21st, and continue until March 1st. A large committee are vaudeville performers from out of town looking after the plans, which include to give an entertaining program each evening, dancing each evening after ten o'clock to music by Well's orchestra, excepting the last evening, as well as the usual scale of attractive articles at the various booths provided. The proceeds are applied to Lodge expenses.

The Rumford Band Association are in need of and are looking for a manager and director, they having been without since Prof. Thiele left town. It is thought that with the right sort of a man in this place, that they will be able to make rapid strides musically.

The death of Mrs. Jessie Tasker which took place this past week, was most sad. The cause was influenza which she contracted on a trip to Boston of late where she went to place her little crippled son in the children's hospital. Before her marriage she was Miss Berrie McNeil, daughter of Mr. John McNeil of Mexico, and she leaves beside her husband, six young children and a stepson.

It is understood that Blazing Star Lodge, No. 50, F. & A. M., is making elaborate plans through a committee of members, for a fitting observance this summer of their 100th anniversary. It is thought that the date may be set for some time in June.

The membership of Mechanics Institute is now up to 778 or over, and the institution is very much alive this winter with its basket ball games, moving pictures, oyster suppers and the like.

Mrs. George A. Hutchins entertained the Universalist Forum on Wednesday evening of this week at her home on Franklin street. Whist and other games were enjoyed by a large crowd until a late hour, and very appetizing chafardish dinners were served by the hostess during the evening assisted by Miss Norma Gates and Mrs. William Cashman.

This community was greatly shocked on Saturday P. M. upon hearing of a serious accident in the railroad yard near Smith's Crossing whereby one of Rumford's finest young men, Mr. Charles Dunton, recently promoted to yard conductor, lost both legs by being run over.

The shifting train, of which Mr. Dunton was conductor, was moving along the tracks, and conductor Dunton, who was on top of the cars, started down the ladder on the end of the car, and in some way unexplained, lost his hold on the ladder, and fell to the track, the wheels passing over his legs, crushing them so badly that one was amputated below the knee, and the other at the

knee joint. Dr. Tibbodeau happened to be near the spot at the time of the accident, quickly gave the needed first aid, and Dr. Howe arriving rushed him immediately in his auto to the McCarly Hospital, where the operation was at once performed. The patient stood the shock better than it was feared that he might, but on Monday afternoon his case took a turn for the worse, and another operation had to be performed on the longest leg, it being taken off way above the knee. Gangrene had set in, and the case being imperative, Dr. McCarly being out of town, Dr. Hanson of Mexico performed the operation. The patient is still alive at this writing and it is reported that he passed a very comfortable night on Monday night, and that he has just a fighting chance between life and death.

His father, H. C. Dunton, is with him. Mr. Dunton was married to Miss Gladys Hanley about a year and half ago, and they have one small child. He has been employed by the Maine Central Railroad for about a year and a half.

Many children are sickly. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colic in 30 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headaches, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels, and destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take they are liked by all. Used by mothers for over 30 years. All druggists. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Lowell, N. Y.—Adv.

Samuel Marston is working in the wool mill.

Mrs. Nora Crossman, who is in Lawrence for treatment of her eyes, is greatly improved.

The State examination for teachers in the elementary grades will be held Feb. 22 at the high school building.

Y. A. Thurston sold a horse this week to Daniel Campbell and one to Wm. Learned.

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ANDOVER

The Young People's Whist Club met Thursday evening, Feb. 6. Delicious refreshments of cake, sandwiches and coffee were served. Mrs. Clarence Hall and Harland Averill won the first prizes, and Alma Grover and Lawrence Roberts the second. About thirty-five members were present.

John Zale of Rumford was in town last week, buying cattle and hogs.

Supt. of Schools, Mr. A. S. Merrill, of Mexico was in town, Friday, visiting schools.

Barbara Cushman of South Andover has been a recent visitor at the Gregg house.

Ray Thurston, who came from his lumbering camp at Azilecos Lake, Sunday, reports that there is too much snow for good business at the Lake.

The Y. P. S. C. E. met with Faye Dresser, Sunday evening.

Mrs. George Hewey is spending the winter in Lewiston.

Guy Hodsdon is driving team for R. A. Grover.

Nahum Meisner is working at Black Brook for Lee Thurston.

Clarence Hall and family were guests Sunday of W. N. Akers and family.

Mrs. Abbie Raimoy and little son are visiting her brother, Irving Hodsdon, and family at Mexico.

Saturday, Feb. 15, Lone Mt. Grange will hold its regular all day meeting. The Lectures' program will consist largely of topics on Lincoln and Washington.

There was a basket ball game, last Tuesday evening in the hall between the Mexico high school team and the Andover team, with the score 45 to 19 in favor of Andover.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hodsdon spent Sunday at Silver Lake, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Dunham.

The King's Daughters met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Wm. Mitchell. George Dunn was quite ill last week at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Roger Thurston.

Daniel Campbell has been laid up with a cold on his hand.

Lucien Akers is driving R. L. Thurston's horses this week, hauling birch to the pool mill.

The selectmen are in session at their office this week, settling the town accounts for the year and making the report.

Jacob Hodsdon, who has been visiting his son, E. F. Hodsdon, and family has returned to his home in Roxbury.

Peter Learned, wife and daughter, Ellen, visited their son Sylvanus Learned, and family at North Andover, Sunday.

Florence and Edna Akers were at home from Rumford, Saturday and Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid served a baked bean and salad supper with pastry, Wednesday evening. A fine entertainment was given.

Supt. Merrill reports that the schools in town are doing good work.

Rev. J. N. Atwood preached to the Boy Scouts, Sunday morning at the Congregational church. The Scouts with their Scoutmaster, P. D. McAllister, sat in a body. Brief remarks on the life of Theodore Roosevelt were made by the pastor. The Scouts sang the common was at half mast till sunset.

Saturday evening a social gathering was held in the hall by the Boy Scouts and their parents. Medals were given to the boys who won in the War Savings Campaign.

Charles Small and daughter assisted in the special music of the Congregational choir Sunday by giving a cornet solo that was much enjoyed.

Arthur Noble is working in the pool mill.

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WEST PARIS

The ninth anniversary of Scouting in America is being observed by West Paris Troop No. 1. Saturday morning the Scouts and their master and assistant enjoyed a hike to the top of Curtis Hill. In the afternoon they were busy making ready for the supper which was provided by mothers and others interested in the troop. Shortly after 7 o'clock they were seated, Scouts occupying the central table, with Scoutmaster and assistant at opposite ends. Save for absence from town, the present membership of the troop were there, and hearty welcome was given to several former members. Mention was made of Rev. Dwight A. Ball who organized the troop, and of assistant Scoutmaster Rupert Berry in naval service, who may yet reach West Paris in time to share the end of the anniversary week program. Rev. H. H. Hathaway of the Federated churches brought greetings. The Scoutmaster, Rev. H. A. Markley, spoke briefly, and called for the pledge to the flag, and the Scout Oath. This was followed by reading of the annual address from President Collin H. Livingstone, and the formal program came to a fitting close with the renewal of the obligation to the Scout Law. Fathers and mothers, and present and former members of the Troop Committee and their wives remained for a social hour.

Sunday at 10:30 the community came together for the Scout Sunday service in the Universalist church, the sermon being delivered by the Scoutmaster, the rest of the service taken by Rev. H. H. Hathaway. Mr. Markley spoke of young people and of the plans and efforts that older people make for them but laid special emphasis on the energy and enthusiasm of youth. The big question was not what will we do for them, but what will they do for us, and for the world. Mr. Markley's address was able and forceful and he held the close attention of the audience which filled the church. Mr. Hathaway's prayer was inspiring and helpful and the special music was excellent.

Sunday evening a good number from the Universalist parish joined the Federated churches at the chapel and an excellent meeting was held.

Wednesday evening under the Scout auspices a Roosevelt memorial service will be held. Rev. C. Wellington Rogers of the South Paris Congregational church will deliver the address and the Acolian Quartette from the South Paris Universalist church will sing.

Miss Nettie Swan went to Lewiston, Saturday.

There was a good attendance at the Good Will social Wednesday evening. Games were enjoyed, and ice cream, home-made candy and popcorn were on sale. Thirteen dollars were the net proceeds.

Mrs. Abner H. Mann entertained the Jolly Twelve Whist Club, Thursday evening.

Mrs. Sara E. Curtis entertained the We Four Whist Club, Monday evening. Mrs. Will Emery is in poor health. Floramann Hathaway, who has been here since receiving his discharge from the colors, has gone to Pittsfield, where he will be employed in a dentist's office.

Mrs. Leodell Yates remains in poor health, and has a trained nurse. Her sister, Mrs. Ralph Richardson, of Norway is caring for two of the children. Louise, daughter of George Devine, is ill from bronchitis.

Mrs. Sara Curtis has been spending a few days with Mrs. Mary Buchanan at her home on High street.

Mrs. Dexter W. Gray is ill with influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Wyman, Mrs. E. T. White, Mrs. G. L. Briggs, Mrs. Helena Babler and A. R. Tuell attended Pomona Grange at Bryant's Pond last week, Tuesday.

Eben Pike was at Farmington last week.

The Elva E. Locke class of the Universalist School will hold a social in Good Will Hall, Wednesday evening, Feb. 19. Everybody is invited. There will be games, and ice cream, candy and popcorn will be on sale.

Mrs. Lesmore Currier has returned to her home at Bryant's Pond. Laura Hadden went with her to remain while Mrs. Currier is recuperating.

Friends here will be interested to know from a letter received from A. L. Tubbs, formerly of West Paris and South Paris, that he is spending the winter at Oprey, Florida, where he has a position, a caretaker on the estate of the son of the late Mrs. Potter Palmer. He and Mrs. Tubbs have a good house to live in, and are enjoying nice milk and all kinds of fruit, with plenty of oysters from the bay. Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Cookson, formerly of West Paris, now of Lewiston, are spending the winter in Mr. Tubbs' house at Seffner.

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PROBATE NOTICES

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named: At a Probate Court, held at Paris in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen. The following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris, on the third Tuesday of February, A. D. 1919, at 9 o'clock of the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Charles H. Abbott late of Rumford, deceased; will and petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Lucy K. Abbott as executrix of the same to get without bond as expressed in said will, presented by Evelyn G. Abbott, daughter and heir.

Francis P. Putnam late of Rumford, deceased; will and codicil and petition for probate thereof presented by Arthur G. Putnam, one of the executors therein named.

Roy D. Thurston late of Bethel, deceased; petition for the appointment of Guy L. Thurston as administrator of the estate of said deceased, presented by said Guy L. Thurston, father.

Lizzie M. Merrill late of Albany, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Amos G. Bean, administrator.

Charles L. Abbott late of Bethel, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Clara F. Abbott, administratrix.

Guy J. Cummings late of Albany, deceased; first and private account presented for allowance by Charles G. Becker, administrator.

Adelaide Atkins late of Peru, deceased; petition for license to sell and convey real estate presented by Willie B. Atkins, administrator.

Vienna Holt late of Bethel, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Clarence E. Barker, trustee.

ADDISON E. HERRICK, Judge of said Court.

A true copy—attest
ALBERT H. PARK, Register.
1-30-31-p.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Ralph B. Frost late of Newry, in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

GARRIE FROST FRENCH, North Bethel, Maine.
January 21, 1919. 1-30-31-p.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of William Dearden late of Greenwood in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

MARY A. DEARDEN, Bethel, Maine.
January 21, 1919. 1-30-31-p.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Virgil E. Fuller late of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

NETTIE F. FREEMAN, Rumford, Maine.
January 21, 1919. 1-30-31-p.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of George W. Simpson late of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

ALICE L. SIMPSON, Winslow, Maine.
January 21st, 1919. 2-13-31.

A Case of profit
Feed 'em
PORTLAND
Meat Scrap
Portland Cracked Bone
Portland Bone Meal
Portland Bone and Meat Meal
Feed 'em
"The Eggs Pay For It"
Increase your share of profits, for each egg is worth REAL money these days.
Demand Portland Brand of Your Dealer
Portland Rendering Co., Portland, Maine

FARM FOR SALE

250 acre farm 1 1/2 miles from South Paris Village on Main road; good buildings; smooth fields; good orchard; pasture for 40 head of cattle; 2,000 cords of wood, hard and soft, that can be marketed this winter. A great bargain. For sale by

L. A. BROOKS
Real Est. Agent, SOUTH PARIS, ME.

BUSINESS CARDS

FURNISHED ROOMS
AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE
O. C. BRYANT,
2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine.
Telephone Connection.

H. E. LITTLEFIELD,
AUTO AND HORSE LIVERY,
Day or Night Service,
Bethel, Maine.
Telephone

GUY E. JACK
LICENSED EMBALMER
AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Dealer in
Furniture, Linoleums, etc., Picture
Frames, Mirrors, Glass, Mouldings,
Curtains, Fixtures.
Special attention given to undertaking.
Telephones—Store, 49-3; Res., 49-2.

DR. IRWIN K. MOORHOUSE,
Osteopathic Physician,
NORWAY, MAINE.
At Maple Inn, Bethel, Every Friday.

HERRICK & PARK,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bethel, Maine.

E. E. Whitney & Co.
BETHEL, MAINE.
Mar

POEMS WORTH READING

LINCOLN

Out of the shadows we see him rise—
Face that is haunting and sorrowful
eyes.

Scared by his burden and bowed
"neath its weight;
Slaves to a mission and shackled by
fate.

Four was the soil where his schooling
began;
Rugged the boyhood that molded the
man.

Tense with his book by the flickering
blaze,
What saw he there in the hearth's red
dy blaze?

Slowly he rose while the Fates gave no
sign,
Fitting himself for that labor divine.

Deep in the shadows we see him again—
Savior and martyr and brother of men!
—W. H. Rose in Cleveland Plain Dealer.

AN OLD VALENTINE

By Margaret E. Bangter, Jr.
I wandered to an attic where lacy cob-
webs swayed,
Where sunbeams, dusty golden, were
dancing as they strayed;
And as I crossed the threshold with
footsteps soft and slow,
I felt the hidden presence of ghosts of
long ago.

I saw a wooden chest there with rusty
lock and key,
And when I knelt before it my dream-
ing eyes could see
Inlaid twisted together and carved
almost hid
By scratches, deeply graven upon the
polished lid.

I knelt beside it, silent, and opened it
with care;
I felt as if some ghost were standing
by me there;
For dainty garments whispered, and
perfumed places sung
Of wedding and of springtime, when
all the world was young.

I saw a folded paper, all yellow with
the years,
Perhaps the print of kisses, perhaps
the mark of tears
Had touched it once, for fastened with
leaves of faded blue,
It whispered through the ages a mes-
sage, "I love you!"

I told it gently from me and closed the
chest with care,
And breathing through the stillness I
heard behind me there
A whisper—half a word, and half,
perhaps a sigh
The pulsing of a heart beat of many
years gone by.

From the Christian Herald.
"I'll send her a present," said he,
"On the 14th of February!"
And—hat, no; it is best
To leave out the rest,
For that valentine came C. O. D.
—Walter Palitzer.

LINCOLN

By James Whitcomb Riley
A peaceful life—tell, duty, rest—
All his desire:
To read the books he liked the best
Beside the cabin fire—
God's word and man's;—to peer some-
times
Above the page, in smouldering
glance,
And catch, like far heroic rhymes,
The march of his dream.

A peaceful life—to bear the law
Of pasture and herd,
Or woodman's ax, that, blow on blow
Fell sweet as rhythmic words,
And yet there stirred within his breast
A latent pulse that, like a roll
Of drums, made high above his rest
A tumult in his soul.

A peaceful life—They laid him even
As one was bled
Where open palms were nailed toward
Heaven

When prayer was sought availed.
And, by his paid the sacrifice price
To buy a nation's awful strife
And sell so, through the sacrifice
Of self, his peaceful life.

MY VALENTINE
Who sits up thoughts from noon till
night,

Imbuing them with love and light,
Till even cheerless ways seem bright;
My Valentine!

Who turns life's Winter into May,
Makes labor wear the guise of play—
And charms pateros from sterile clay?
My Valentine!

Who loves me for myself alone,
Scorns gold and never yet has known
To want a dollar for her own?
My Valentine!

Who patiently hears me rehearse
My little ventures into verse
And never says, "It might be worse!"
My Valentine!

Who makes me play the searomoucht
Who pulls me off my Sunday couch,
And screams with joy "when I cry
"Ouch!"
My Valentine!

Who twists my hair and platts my
beard,
Until I look both fierce and weird,
Then chuckles when I'm rudely scared?
My Valentine!

Who robs me of all dignity,
And, though she's only just turned
thirteen,
Like a Caesaria ruleth me
My Valentine!

PLANT BREEDING IN PROGRESS AT HIGHMOOR FARM

Its Continuation Depends Upon Assistance From the Legislature

When Highmoor Farm was purchased by the State in 1909 the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station at once began studies in small grain, corn and bean breeding. The object of these studies was two-fold. From the scientific side it was desired to learn the laws of inheritance in these plants and from the practical side it was hoped to produce new and improved varieties and strains better adapted to Maine climate and soil than any then being grown.

Thousands of crosses and selection have been and are being made. It takes a long time from applying the pollen from one plant to the pistil of another to develop sufficient plants to learn the effect of the crossing. The value of this work may be illustrated by Maine 340 seed oat. From a single plant this oat has been developed in sufficient quantity so that thousands of bushels of this strain will be used for seed in 1916. If all of the oats that will be sown in Maine in 1916 were of this strain, the money value of the increased yield that would result over what will be obtained would, in that one year, far exceed the purchase cost of Highmoor Farm to the State and the cost to the Federal Government of all the investigations that have been made thereon. Six even more promising strains are now being tested out in tenth acre plots.

The learning how to fix, standardize, and breed disease resistant beans as illustrated by the types of Old Fashioned and Improved Yellow eye beans which are being distributed for seed this year will so modify bean production that some growers think the results being obtained from these studies alone are worth all the purchase and upkeep the Farm has cost. Some enthusiasts place the value of the seed corn, sweet and field, that have been produced as worth more to the farmers of the State than all that the Farm has ever cost.

All of the many visitors to the Farm who have looked over this work in breeding beans, oats and corn have been greatly impressed with its importance and its constantly growing value to the agriculture of the State. When a better strain of higher yielding quality is obtained and the seed produced in sufficient quantity to plant a considerable acreage a direct and decided increase in crop yield is had without any added cost of cultivation. It costs no more to prepare the seed bed, to buy and apply the fertilizer and to plant and care for the crop with seed bred for high yields than it does to use common seed that produces small crops. While the Station is doing in other lines equally valuable work there is nothing that it is doing that is so self evident as a food and dollar producer as this breeding of improved varieties of small grains and similar plants.

Chas. D. Woods, Director

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN IS ONLY \$1.50 PER YEAR WHEN PAID IN ADVANCE. SUBSCRIBE NOW.

79th MAINE LEGISLATURE

Continued from page 1.

more equitable system of taxation and protection for the owners of the land and timber. Charles B. Carier of Lewiston, J. M. Lord of Kew Falls, E. K. Jordan of Alfred, A. E. Roberts of Lyman and Forest Commissioner Colby all favored some sort of legislation of this kind. The matter was continued until Feb. 11 to permit other timberland owners to attend.

J. F. Sprague of Dover presented the need of a Maine Historical Commission to the Library Committee, followed by L. L. Hight of Augusta, W. L. Bonney of Bowdoinham, G. F. Flagg of Bangor, and State Librarian Dunsack.

Secretary of State P. W. Hall asked that the law be amended so that the publication of ancient and vital statistics be attended to by the State.

J. W. Simpson of York favored the purchase of a number of copies of the History of York by the State and A. E. Forbes of Paris the same of 100 copies of the History of Norway.

Sen. and Shore Fisheries had a long hearing on the establishment of fish weir in tide waters in the town of Perry, the question hanging on whether the selectmen, one of who owned a weir near the proposed location, could act impartially in the matter.

Claim legislation for Sagadahoc county and for town of Swan's Island took the rest of the time. The Sagadahoc measure simply provides a penalty for violation of the law, that necessary part of the law having been omitted by the last Legislature. Swan's Island people want the taking of claims in that town prohibited, the stock being rapidly depleted.

The matter of a Memorial bridge in honor of the Maine soldiers in the World War was brought before the committee on ways and bridges on Wednesday afternoon by Senator Howard Davies of Cumberland, who favored the resolve appropriating \$400,000 for a Memorial bridge at Marlin's Point, at the east approach to the city of Portland. County Commissioner Duckman and Civil Engineer P. H. Richardson both spoke in favor of the same measure.

Senator Davies said something must be done anyway at this bridge and the government had already paid for 60 per cent of the highway on each side of it between Portland and Brunswick. He thought that it should take part in a new bridge to the extent of the same percentage or \$600,000.

Engineer Richardson showed plans of a bridge of steel, modest in design but substantial in construction and instead of triumphal arches, which he said were emblematic of the German love of conquest, to be adorned with boys containing a series of bronzes commemorating the valor and deeds of our boys at the front and our girls in hospitals and other places.

The absolute need of screening the outlet of Sebago Lake was argued before the committee on inland fisheries and game by J. Putnam Stevens and C. L. Goodrich of Portland and Engineer Foster of Westbrook.

Committee on temperance heard proponents of a \$200 resolve for the fitting celebration of the victory of the National Prohibition amendment, proposed by Sen. Davies. No opposition appeared.

The committee on agriculture heard the new apple bill, Rep. Clement of Waldo favoring it. Charles R. Towle of Westbrook opposed it. Commissioner J. A. Roberts suggested that it be tabled to see what will be done by other Legislatures, so that New England may have uniform laws.

State Master Thompson of the Orange approved the work done at Highmoor, as did W. H. Conant of Buckfield and Dr. C. D. Woods of U. of M. The latter also spoke for scientific agricultural investigation in Arrostook.

The Public Utilities Committee heard the matter of the water supply of Boothbay Harbor, it being proposed to cut off the Aqueduct Island supply. It was continued to Feb. 12, to allow the Aqueducts to present their views.

An amendment was proposed to the automatic signal law, by installing a visible arm by day and an electric signal.

The Judiciary committee considered the act in relation to acts or omissions of children more than 7 years of age; amending the inheritance tax law; and amending the law relating to examination for admission to the bar.

Thursday's committee hearings included meetings by Legal Affairs, Judiciary, Education, Ways and Bridges, Penitents, Taxation and Indian Affairs.

Taxation heard arguments as to whether the poll tax should be made uniform; opinions as to the taxing of lumber, log wood, pulp wood and cord wood in the town where it is located on April 1; and the taxing of sawed lumber where it is situated and manufactured.

Education heard Rep. G. H. Bean of Minot tell why Minot and Poland should be exempt from paying high school tuition. Rep. Ricker of Poland and C. R. Washburn and R. E. Wilbur of Minot opposed. Mr. Bean will later present his views. C. N. Blanchard of Witten appeared in behalf of a State teachers pension for Adeline J. Webber of \$1200 per year. She had taught in

Maine for about 44 years, but was barred because she had not taught in Maine for the 15 years preceding Sept. 13, 1912. Rep. Stacy of Phillipsburg favored the pension. Deputy State Supt. Glenn V. Stacey thought it unnecessary, as the technically could be overlooked. State Supt. A. O. Thomas favored a uniform course of studies for public and private schools and that all elementary work be in the English language. Considerable opposition developed. Bishop Walsh said he appeared not in opposition but as a seeker after information. English was the foundation of studies in Catholic schools and he wished to work in every way in conjunction with Supt. Thomas. The hearing was continued to permit others to appear, at his request.

Legal Affairs saw opposition to the proposed uniform date for holding town meetings. Rep. Case said the bill was drawn for the State Assessors to aid them in reaching new local assessors in regard to change in valuation. Assessors W. F. Dresser explained the necessity. Numerous Arrostook people appeared in opposition. Rep. C. H. Smith of Skowhegan thought the object could be attained by notices. Several printing concerns objected, because it would be impossible to get out all the reports at the same time.

Sec. J. F. Bagley said the amendment to the Mothers' Aid Law asked for an increase in age of dependent children from 14 to 16 years, on account of the law which prevents children under 17 working in factories, mills, etc. Mrs. Rounds of the department and Mr. Grow of Waterville favored it.

Senator Folsom, Rep. C. H. Barnes and John P. Sprague spoke for and against changing the hours of opening and closing the polls. No one appeared for or against the resolve in favor of the Old Fellows Home of Maine.

Ways and bridges had another busy afternoon. M. L. Durgin presented the claims of towns of Mill, Lagrange, Orneville and Medford, asking \$2,000, \$750, \$2,000 and \$1,000 respectively, for continuing work on a road that runs through each of these towns and serves an immense travel from the west and to eastern Penobscot and Arrostook. He claimed the Highway Commission ignored the just rights of the section and made a mistake in laying out the trunk line. Rep. H. A. Fowles also favored these resolves.

George C. Lord asked \$1,000 for each of 1910 and 1920 for repair of Wells River bridge, which leads to Wells Beach. F. E. Rankins said it must have repairs at once. W. F. Cousins of Ogunquit asked \$3,000 for each of 1910 and 1920 for repair of Ogunquit River bridge, which he said the Village Corporation could not do.

Rev. O. H. Bean of Minot asked for \$5,000 for each of 1910 and 1920 to make permanent the road from West Minot Station to the Western Maine Sanatorium at Hebron. The road had been kept up by the towns until the heavy traffic of the State institution made it impossible and they could no longer afford to pay the expense. Dr. Vattengill, Farm Supt. Sullivan and Steward Richardson of the sanatorium strongly favored it and Selectman A. E. George of Hebron and Selectman Bailey of Minot said their towns could not stand the expense.

Judiciary heard Rep. C. J. O'Leary of Bangor in relation to changing the law relating to the acknowledgement of deeds. Reps. O'Leary and L. V. Jones of Bangor and Clerk J. D. Maxwell of the Bangor municipal court appeared for more power for the clerk and an increase of salary.

The following were among the important new measures introduced on Wednesday in the Legislature:

Boxer of Sagadahoc—Act to amend Sec. 2 of Chap. 62, Revised Statutes, relating to the banking business, providing that no bank or banker shall in any manner become surety upon any bond for any party in any matter or proceeding in any court in this State; or any person holding any public office or position of trust or bound to the performance of any contract, undertaking or obligation, whatsoever. The act further provides that no contract or suretyship now in existence shall be invalidated by this amendment.

Thombs of Penobscot—An act to amend Sections 9, 10 and 33 of Chapter 6, Revised Statutes, relating to primary elections and the filing of nomination papers by independent candidates. Section 9 is amended so that the time for filing nomination papers with the secretary of State is changed from the "first Monday of May" to the "third Monday in April." Section 10 is amended so that the time in which the secretary of State shall transmit to the clerks of cities, towns and plantations printed lists of all candidates for nominations shall be "a reasonable time," instead of "14 days at least previous to the day of any primary election." Section 33 is amended so that the time of filing certificates of nominations and nominations with the secretary of State shall be "July 10" instead of "August 10" and for candidates for election of President and Vice President "on or before Sept. 15" instead of "October 10." Such certificates for nomination of candidates for mayor and all other officers in cities shall be

filed with the city clerk at least "14 days" before the day of election instead of "seven days."

Thombs of Penobscot—Act amending Sections 4, 8, 9 and 10 of Chapter 7, Revised Statutes, providing that only one set of ballots be prepared for State and municipal elections.

Thombs of Penobscot—Act amending Sec. 12, Chap. 64, Revised Statutes, providing that licenses of persons authorized to perform marriages shall remain in force only while he remains an ordained minister, licensed to preach or until license is revoked for cause by the Governor.

Walker of Somerset—Act providing compensation for member of the Maine Library Commission of \$5 a day for time actually employed and actual expenses.

Gannett of Kennebec—Act increasing the salary of the State Librarian from \$1,900 to \$2,500, beginning Jan. 1, 1919.

Allan of Portland—Act to impose a tax on the income from certain forms of intangible property and from trades and professions.

Warren of Portland—Act to make boards of county commissioners as boards of auditors, whose duties it shall annually be to audit the accounts of the registers of probate, registers of deeds and clerks of courts.

Billon of Corinna—Act to establish and maintain signboards at the intersection of town lines with highways.

Dutton of Bingham—Act to provide for the care and preservation of ornamental trees. It provides that all trees within and on the limits of highways and village streets are declared to be public shade trees.

Rowe of Yarmouth—Resolve appropriating \$500 for each of 1919 and 1920 for the purchase of traveling libraries for circulation among high schools; said libraries to be made up of books, lantern slides, charts and other reference material.

The important new measures introduced in the Legislature this week include the following:

By Baxter of Portland—Act to provide for medals and testimonials for honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, citizens of Maine when they enlisted in the war with Germany and Austria.

Miller of Auburn—Act to incorporate the Auburn Chamber of Commerce. Svent of Andover—Act amending the dog law, so that when identification is impossible, the State shall recompense the owner for damages and costs of investigation.

Miller of Auburn—Act adding Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade to list of literary, charitable, educational and other organizations organized under Sec. 1, Chap. 63, Revised Statutes.

Berry of Waterville—Act amending the charter of the city of Waterville, providing that the compensation of all subordinate officers be fixed by the city council, police and health officers to be appointed by mayor and confirmed by aldermen; all other subordinate officers to be elected by joint convention.

Corlies of Bath—Act simplifying process of securing a commission form of government for cities. It provides for a mayor and four councilors and a city manager and permits voters of a city to petition their city council to submit to the voters the question whether this form of government shall be adopted. At least 10 per cent of the registered voters must so petition. The question shall be submitted to the voters at the next State election and if adopted, the first election of mayor and councilmen shall be held on the third Tuesday of December next succeeding its adoption. Should it be rejected, a new petition may be filed in six months.

Miller of Auburn—Act authorizing State superintendent of schools to provide free transportation for school children on the National Reservation at Togus to and from the nearest suitable school and also free tuition for them.

Bunsell of Belfast—Act incorporating the Belfast Water District. It provides for the acquisition of the franchise and plant of the Belfast Water Co.

Svent of Andover—Act repealing the law forbidding the dumping of slabs, edgings, sawdust, chips, bark, mill waste, shavings or fibrous material created in the manufacture of lumber into the waters of this State.

Rounds of Portland—Resolve for \$25,000 for erection of a monument in Portland to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the admission of Maine into the Union, the monument also to be a memorial to the soldiers from Maine since Maine entered the Union; also resolve for \$10,000 for celebrating the 100th anniversary of Maine's statehood.

Class of Lisbon—Act providing for resident hunter's license law. It provides that residents shall secure a license from the city, town or plantation clerk upon the payment of 25 cents, 13 of which shall be retained by the clerk as a recording fee. Registration blanks shall be provided by the Fish and Game Commission and shall bear the name, occupation, residence and identification description of the holder. Certificates shall be valid until January following issue. An annual report of all game killed must be filed with the commissioner. Penalty is a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25.

Sawyer of Ft. Fairfield—Resolve for \$125,000 for carrying on the State Department of Health.

Washburn of Perry—Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the several counties and the University of Maine, College of Agriculture, in accordance with the Federal Agricultural Extension act of May 8, 1914.

Sawyer of Ft. Fairfield—Act amending the Public Health Laws, so that "every physician, midwife, nurse or other person in charge, shall instill or cause to be instilled into the eyes of the infant immediately upon its birth one or two drops of a prophylactic solution prescribed by the State Department of Health;" violation shall be punishable by a fine of not to exceed \$100 or six months imprisonment; also resolve for \$8,000 for enforcement of the venereal disease laws; also act amending the Public Health laws so that physicians shall report cases of tuberculosis to the local board of health, instead of the secretary of the State Board of Health.

Gurney of Cumberland—Act to provide better port facilities and advancement of commerce for Portland.

Gannett of Kennebec—Act amending the Revised Statutes relating to Sunday observance so that municipal officers of cities and selectmen of towns may grant permission for carrying on business or of sports and recreations, dancing and other forms of amusements on Sunday.

Davies of Cumberland—Act increasing the salary of the commissioner of agriculture from \$2,000 to \$3,000 and actual expenses, not to exceed \$500.

Gurney of Cumberland—Act to abolish the common council of Lewiston.

Among the new legislation introduced on Friday were the following measures:

Austin of South Berwick—Resolve for \$70,000 for protection of trees, plants and shrubs from ravages of dangerous insects.

Barnes of Houlton—Act amending the non-residence fishing license law so as to require licensees to report not later than Dec. 15 of each year the number of pounds of fish he has taken for the year; also act providing that fines collected for violations of the fish and game laws shall be used in paying the expenses of the department.

Clason of Lisbon—Act amending the law making a close time on fur-bearing animals so that it shall be unlawful to kill or destroy muskrats in Lower Keweenaw Pond or in the outlet stream of Lower Keweenaw Pond or in Keweenaw meadow.

Lanpher of Sebree—Act extending the close time on moose for five years.

Barnes of Houlton—Act providing \$200,000 for maintenance and operation of fish hatcheries and feeding stations and printing the report of the commissioner of inland fisheries and game, protection of fish and game and the expenses of the department.

Barnes of Houlton—Act authorizing the insurance commissioner to refund taxes unlawfully collected from foreign life insurance companies doing business in this State.

Barnes of Houlton—Act amending the liquor laws by making it illegal to sell any beverage containing more than 1 per cent of alcohol.

Gannett of Kennebec—Act to regulate the practice in Maine of the system of healing known as "Osteopathy."

Babb of Cumberland—Act to provide for the training of rural teachers, providing a course for summer months for not more than 100 rural teachers, who after training shall devote their time and experience to the rural schools and for training other teachers.

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"District cooperation will be effected with other government departments interested in thrift matters with all schools, universities, employers, religious and fraternal groups and national organizations of men and women. They will be asked to assist in promoting the sale of War Savings Stamps and also in disseminating means of individual and community thrift.

"That we continue to attract small savings of millions of people as well as larger capital into government investment channels, I regard as vitally essential to our financial program. Whereas before the war the government was financed by some three hundred thousand investors, twenty million people have become its financial partners. Such partnership must be extended to a more intelligent interest in the actual operations of the government. Each popular support by all classes of citizens, I regard as the very essence of democracy.

"As an agency for Americanization, Liberty Bonds and, particularly Thrift and War Savings Stamps, have been among the most effective earners of the hyphen. Ownership of such securities has operated strongly to lessen the desire of many of our foreign-born citizens to return to their native lands, and with many more, has created a new sense of citizenship and a new patriotism and the tendency to shift from town to town without ever really taking root. Many employers assure us that the establishment of War Savings Societies and the ownership of government securities that promoted in their plants, stores and business offices, have counteracted importantly the tendency of their employees to shift from job to job. With money saved through the stamps, many hitherto restless, gained the idea of buying homes and settling down in the community.

"For these several reasons I have deemed highly desirable to the Treasury to establish definite government agencies charged with bringing home savaciously to every man, woman and child, the idea that wise spending, avoidance of waste, intelligent savings and safe investment are not alone good citizenship but are good business for the individual and the community.

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HOOD RUBBERS
Wear best because they
Fit.
Because they are made
of Real Rubber.
Because in every detail
they speak of Excellence.

The "KICKOFF" HEEL (used only on HOOD RUBBERS) gives extra wear just where it is most needed

We sell HOODS.
You should wear them.
Caylon Rowe & Son
BETHEL, MAINE

PERUNA
Made Me a Well Man

Mr. Louis Young, 205
Grand St., Rochester, N. Y.
writes:
"I suffered for thirty years
with stomach trouble, indigestion,
and hemorrhages of the bowels."
Suffered thirty
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trouble and
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Sign of Peruna

GOVERNMENT AGENCY FOR POPULAR SAVING

Widespread Willingness to Lend the Government Awakening by the War.

The rapid establishment of a national wide government agency for popular savings is foreshadowed in an announcement made today by Carl Glass, Secretary of the Treasury through Mrs. F. L. Higginson, Director of Savings for New England.

Secretary Glass, in discussing plans for the newly organized Savings Division of the United States Treasury and the special savings function assigned to the Federal Reserve District said:

"In the newly established saving function of the Treasury of the United States, it is believed, we will have a mechanism rivaling in the convenience the oft-quoted methods of Europe. Through it we hope to establish new motives for saving that will capitalize into a permanent habit characteristic, the wide-spread willingness to save and to lend to the government awakened by the war. The ultimate aim is to make investment in government securities an every-day matter with us as it has been with the people of France and England.

"Twenty Million Americans, through interest in Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps have begun to gain a similar taste for saving through government interest-yielding securities. To perpetuate this valuable habit acquired as a war measure, it is planned, especially in connection with the sale of War Savings Stamps, to aid in meeting war obligations, to emphasize new arguments of every-day patriotism, and of individual self-interest for saving and purchase of stamps, which will be equally compelling after the peace terms are signed.

"The Savings Division of the Treasury—a group of economists, educators, bankers, business men and students of household and other thrift, has been charged with leadership in developing and inculcating of ways and means of making saving a happy personal and national habit.

"The Government of the Federal Reserve Districts, each through a special Savings Director, will assist in this educational campaign and also will see to it that War Savings Stamps are made even more accessible in every community.

"These district directors operating through the headquarters savings bank and field workers, will reach every community through state directors and through county and community chairmen of committees representing the government in its savings activities. The 164,000 War Savings Societies will be maintained and strengthened and their number rapidly increased wherever conditions warrant.

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Home Town Helps

TOO OFTEN LACK HARMONY

Groups of Houses, Especially in Suburbs of American Cities, Express a Spirit of Unrest.

Harmony in design in groups of houses is coming to a sense of appreciation, as is evidenced by several housing schemes and the architectural treatment followed in certain developments.

The American, when he builds for himself, has a strong desire for individuality of expression. This is shown particularly in almost any suburb, where you will see a neighborhood of houses in which many styles of architecture, class of materials, color schemes, etc., are represented. The lines and shapes have no relation to each other, so that as you look at the group there is a spirit of unrest and clashing in many respects. The whole group lacks repose and the homelike feeling is interfered with, even although each individual house might be good enough in itself.

Possibly this result is a reaction from the individuals having previously lived in city rows of a stereotyped plan; thus, having been previously suppressed, when the opportunity offers they go to an extreme of expression, or possibly it is a desire to gain a similar taste for saving through government interest-yielding securities. To perpetuate this valuable habit acquired as a war measure, it is planned, especially in connection with the sale of War Savings Stamps, to aid in meeting War obligations, to stimulate arguments of every-day patriotism, and of individual self-interest for saving and purchase of stamps, which will be equally compelling after the peace terms are signed."

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GARAGE CAN BE MADE ARTISTIC

No Reason Why It Should Be Ugly, As Is Generally Case.

SHOULD FIT SURROUNDINGS

If It Is Near the House It Should Be So Treated as to Be in Harmony With General Scheme.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, 26, 337 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only include three-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD. The garage is the Cinderella of architecture. No one seems to care much how it looks, how ugly its dress, or where it is placed, if it is not obtruded. It is only occasionally that some builder with the power of the fairy god-mother waves over it the wand of his taste and his imagination, and reveals the dignified, neglected thing in all the possibilities of beauty.

There is no reason in the world why a garage should be hopelessly ugly. Yet it has degenerated even from its ancestor, the stable or carriage house, which had at least some semblance of taste. The artistic possibilities of the garage, even on the grounds of fine country homes, rarely seem to have been recognized.

The only obtrusive characteristic of a garage, so far as its exterior is concerned, is its unusually low door. But this is an easy thing to make attractive architecturally. There are no limits to the possibilities of the pleasing and artistic treatment of a garage. It may be designed in any style of architecture that best fits its site and its surroundings.

Character Depends on Location. The first determining element as to the general character of the building is its location on the grounds. If it is near to the house itself and aggressively visible as part of the same glance of the eye, it should be treated

as a subordinate element of the house in harmony with the same general scheme. When it becomes necessary to place a garage on a small plot just at the elbow of the house, the limitations become more exacting. It is so easy to kill the appearance of the house by a cheap home for the motor car and its accessories here much can be done in simple ways, if it be just the right touch at the right place. A hood over the wide doorway may soften its aggressive severity; dignified pilasters flanking the entrance may bring the little side building into closer harmony with the residence; sloping the line of the roof may eliminate the suggestion of a packing box that often breathes from a small building with a flat roof; the windows may be casemented or latticed or supplied with window boxes for flowers; ivy or growing vines may cover the sides with a note of gracious charm. Even a happy choice of the right color of paint may mitigate an architectural crime to a mere misde-meador.

In remodeling an old garage or in planning a new one, the most satisfactory results are often reached by making it a combination building to do more than merely to house automobiles. Keeping a country place is a work that is rarely finished. There is always a tendency to expansion and new needs that have no limits but the purse of the owner. A new garage may afford opportunity to make it combine an extra room for the help, a bowling alley, a tool room, storage space for garden and porch furniture, or whatever the yearning fancy of the owner may make him feel is essential for his comfort, or ease, or convenience.

Oh, You "Dixie" Tune. The Houston Post notes that "some Cincinnati feller is writing new words for 'Dixie,'" and it discourages him with—"No use. Few people have ever learned the old words. It is the 'Dixie' tune that plays the wild with human emotions and makes a patriot want to yell and shoot holes through the enemy."

Quicker Production of Antitoxin. The Prensa Medica, Buenos Ayres, reports fine results with horses over ten years of age in the production of antitoxins. "These results with old horses surpass in the number of units and in the shortness of the time any thing previously realized with the old technique, thus saving both time and expense."

The man who eventually planned and built this good looking garage, as illustrated in the photograph, had been collecting ideas about garages and had studied the subject until he had some well-defined ideas about what he wanted. One day he summed the proposition up for me in these words: "When I build a garage—and some day I am going to, in order to get away from the high cost of 'boarding' at the public garage—I will build my garage in the back yard close to the house, and will make it as nearly fireproof as I can. That is, the floor will be concrete and the walls hollow tile. "It is fifty-fifty with me whether the tile surface is stuccoed or, vitrified tile being used, the dark brown surface of the tile itself is left exposed. Both are good looking, and both give good protection for the car, which is the important thing. "If I build a double garage I will make it 18 by 20 feet, and if for one car, 11½ by 22 feet. I want plenty of windows and doors that operate easily. I know that there are several first-class ways to hang garage doors, and special hardware for the purpose, and am going to look into them all very carefully before I decide; because a hard-working door or one that is not weather-tight is an everlasting nuisance."

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DAIRY

"STARTERS" TO RIPEN CREAM

Technical Work Should Not Be Undertaken Unless Butter Is Made on Commercial Scale.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) In creameries it is customary to control to some extent the ripening of cream by means of "starters" which are pure cultures of lactic-acid-producing bacteria grown in pasteurized milk. The making of starters is technical work that should not be undertaken unless butter is made on a commercial scale. If the milk and cream are produced under proper conditions, there is no need for using starters. If handled under those conditions and protected from contamination, creams will develop the desired flavor when allowed to ripen or sour naturally at the proper temperatures.

When butter is made on a commercial scale, it may be advisable to control the ripening and thus make a product that is more uniform from week to week. Commercial cultures for starter making may be obtained from culture manufacturers and from dairy supply houses. Directions for using accompany each package and should be followed carefully. A natural or homemade starter may be made as follows:

1. Clean thoroughly and boil for five minutes three pint fruit jars and tops. After boiling keep the jars covered to prevent the entrance of bacteria. 2. Take a pint sample of milk freshly drawn from each of three cows, place in the jars, cover, cool to 75 degrees Fahrenheit, and keep at that temperature until curdling occurs. 3. Curdling, or coagulation, should take place in about 24 hours. An ideal curd should be firm, smooth, marble-like, free from holes or gas bubbles, and should show little or no separation of the whey. It should have a clean, sharp, sour or acid flavor. 4. Select the sample that most closely meets those conditions and propagate it, discarding the others. The selected sample is propagated as follows:

(a) Clean thoroughly and boil for five minutes a quart jar, the top, and a teaspoon. (b) Fill the jar with freshly drawn milk, cover loosely, heat slowly to boiling, and pasteurize by boiling gently for 30 minutes. (c) Cool the milk to 75 degrees Fahrenheit and add a teaspoonful of curdled milk described in section 3 and set away to curdle at that temperature. (d) Propagate the starter from day to day in the same manner described in a, b and c. The starter described in c is the one to use for ripening the cream, and should be added in such quantities as to be one-tenth to one-fifth of the cream to be churned.

MILK STERILIZER IS FAVORED Cheap and Effective Device That Has Important Bearing on High Grade Product. (Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) The simple steam sterilizer for dairy utensils developed by the United States department of agriculture is meeting with great favor from municipal milk and health authorities. The device has been demonstrated by the health authorities in 172 cities and 99 officials have written to the department praising the value of the device in improving the local milk supply. Thirty-seven health officers report that the device is being made locally for use by dairymen. Several dairy milk inspectors stated positively that the local milk supply has been improved through the introduction of this device. During the past season the sterilizer was demonstrated to more than 6,000 farmers and was made the subject of a campaign in favor of clean milk utensils that reached thousands of dairy farmers. Twenty-six of the state agricultural colleges secured devices to demonstrate to their short-course students. The device is now being made commercially and can be purchased complete with oil stove for \$8.50; or this sterilizer portion alone, which provides apparatus for sterilizing pans, pails, separator parts, small utensils and strainer cloth, can be purchased for \$3.50. Directions for making the home sterilizer are given in Farmer's Bulletin 749, which will be sent free on application to the department.

Homemade Sterilizer. The simple steam sterilizer for dairy utensils developed by the United States department of agriculture is meeting with great favor from municipal milk and health authorities. The device has been demonstrated by the health authorities in 172 cities and 99 officials have written to the department praising the value of the device in improving the local milk supply. Thirty-seven health officers report that the device is being made locally for use by dairymen. Several dairy milk inspectors stated positively that the local milk supply has been improved through the introduction of this device. During the past season the sterilizer was demonstrated to more than 6,000 farmers and was made the subject of a campaign in favor of clean milk utensils that reached thousands of dairy farmers. Twenty-six of the state agricultural colleges secured devices to demonstrate to their short-course students. The device is now being made commercially and can be purchased complete with oil stove for \$8.50; or this sterilizer portion alone, which provides apparatus for sterilizing pans, pails, separator parts, small utensils and strainer cloth, can be purchased for \$3.50. Directions for making the home sterilizer are given in Farmer's Bulletin 749, which will be sent free on application to the department.

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NEW BONDS FOR PLOUGHSHARES

The Fifth Liberty Loan Will Finance Construction and Not Destruction—It Creates Assets.

Four times the people of the United States have made loans to the Government of billions that have gone for destruction. The Fifth Liberty Loan will furnish money for construction for the soldiers, for the nation, and for other nations. The other Liberty Loans were of tremendous power in preserving this country and its people. They helped to save others and to preserve liberty upon the earth from its deadliest, most cruel and wicked menace in history. But all the time the work involved destruction far and wide. With the victorious peace come obligations and responsibilities as great as they are imperative, of building up again. Fortunately this great nation is most wonderfully equipped to go forward with this work. Restoring the men of the armies to their homes and turning the guns and munitions of war into ploughshares, implements of peace in a thousand forms, is a task that is inspiring. It carries all the splendid promise of a great and expanding future. Turning the great fleet of ships built by the nation to carry men and supplies to the battlefield into the channels of great international trade, is work that widens superbly the horizons of the nation. Reconstructing and readjusting the enterprises of fighting to the pursuits of peace has in every step an uplift and an upbuilding. But every one of these tasks before us is as expensive as it is urgently demanded. The Government must finance every one, and to finance them, the Fifth Liberty Loan will be asked of the people in the Spring. It is the endeavor in which the Liberty army of two years' service will come home more with gladness and confidence. Their savings as loaned to the Government have won them real rewards, not alone in patriotism but in substantial interest. To lend again now will round out and make perfect the existing peace, with a reward no less high and fine.

LIBERTY BOND—LIBERTY LOAN "For your bond let me trade you this stock." Said a scalper to prudent Bill Brook. "Not today, sir," Bill said. "Then the salesman he led, To the fall where he now is "in hock."

Preferred Richard. It was the first time that Richard's father had seen "her," and they were talking things over. "So my son has proposed to you," he said, "and you have accepted him? I think you might have seen me first." She blushed sweetly as she replied: "I did, but I think I prefer Rick."

THRIFT AND SAVINGS STAMPS ARE AS GOOD AS GOLD They Should Not Be Cashed Until Maturity People who think that unaltered Thrift Stamp certificates or War Savings cards must be cashed in before January 1, are absolutely wrong. War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps are as good as gold, whether the certificates of Thrift Stamp card is completely filled or not. Lewis B. Franklin, director of the War Loan Organization, of the United States Treasury Department, says there is a tendency to cash in War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps, because their owners have an idea that only completely filled certificates or cards will be valuable after January 1st. "Hold onto your War Savings Certificates, whether you have one War Savings Stamp or a filled card," advises Mr. Franklin. "There is absolutely no reason for cashing a single War Savings Stamp before maturity. The single Savings Stamp will grow in value in the same proportion as your twenty stamps, and the government will redeem it on expiration for \$5, just as it will redeem your twenty Savings stamps for \$100. Thrift cards, even the partially filled, are as good as ever. The Government will continue to sell Thrift Stamps, so that you can fill out these cards and exchange them for the 1919 issue of War Savings stamps. The 1919 War Savings Stamps will be sold after January 1 the same as were the old War Savings Stamps. The only difference is that these new blue stamps must be posted in a new certificate, and not be used to fill out the old certificate. The old certificates, of course, did not have to be completely filled to entitle every holder to \$5 on maturity for every War Savings Stamp in them."

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PIPE IS USED AS SPRINKLER

House Owner's Ingenious Scheme by Which Fence Is Made to Serve a Double Purpose.

Iron pipe ½ inch in diameter is extensively used for protecting the small grass spots between the sidewalk and the street curb, also between the sidewalk and the building, providing the space is not large. These plots are very difficult to keep watered in dry seasons. One resident owner made a combination fence, using the pipe for the sprinkling apparatus as well as for the guard. Small holes were drilled

in a row as the inside surface of the pipe and the whole line was connected with the water supply. In building such a protection be sure to have all joints watertight and the feet placed that are used to connect the iron supports for the posts—Popular Science Monthly.

Trees Benefit Community. Trees help to purify the air by absorbing the carbonic acid gas exhaled by all animal life, giving back pure oxygen. Trees modify the temperature, especially in cities where the shade cuts off the direct and reflected heat from sidewalks, streets and buildings. Yet trees are a city's best asset largely because they bring an improvement in appearance. Thus does the tall wave the dog where the tale of trees is told and their death knell is not tolled.

Enormous Sand Digger. A large ladder dredge has recently been constructed for use at Neville Island, Pittsburgh, for dredging sand and gravel. This dredge has a ladder that will reach 50 feet below the surface of the water. It brings up sand and gravel and delivers it into a revolving screen on the main deck. By means of secondary ladders the screened material is raised from tanks in the hull of the dredge to chutes that lead into barges alongside—Retentive American.

You Can't Always Tell. In a London bus a man in civilian garb rose and offered his seat to a woman. "I never accept favors from strangers," she said witheringly. "Madam," he replied blandly, "I was all through (Lilliput), and if we'd had as much powder as you have on your face I could have got to Constantinople in no time."—Boston Transcript.

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest From Washington

By J. H. Jones

"BUTTER EMPLOYMENT"

During the last two years there has been practically no public work, except for the prosecution of the war. Senator Keeney's bill, which appears to be pending ground at Washington, provides authority for the War Finance Corporation to loan not to exceed \$200,000,000 to states, counties and municipalities for public work, for a period not to exceed ten years, at five per cent interest. The author of this bill explains that it "is intended as a sort of reservoir for surplus labor; if there is private employment then there need be no use of the power under this bill." He adds that "it is an insurance policy against unemployment." "Unemployment is increasing," declares Mr. Keeney. "I am not an alarmist. Unemployment on a large scale will mean trouble. It is our duty to try at least to meet the situation in a frank and sane way."

In the House Speaker Champ Clark states the situation succinctly. He says: "I am in favor of increasing the amount of public work, draining lands, reclaiming them for the use of farmers, and doing everything else to give employment."

The Department of Labor issues a statement declaring that its "basic interest is to stimulate general business and afford what may be designated as 'better employment' for labor during the months necessary for the transition from a war to a peace basis in industry."

Senator Borah injects into the question the opinion that the Government should begin again on its public works in order to provide employment where it is needed, but he is strongly opposed to plans intended merely to give employment for the reason that they would lead to "pork barrel" measures. There are plenty of public works which are really needed, he says, that men can be put to work on. Other public men, not in accord with the apparent majority, want an attempt to keep wages at war-time rates, and insist that a surplus of labor is just the thing to get wages and prices down. Any suggestion will prove unpopular that promises to leave thousands of men walking the streets who took up arms to fight for their country and gave up their positions to do so.

TIME TO BUILD YOUR CASTLE

The Department of Labor says in a bulletin that it believes nothing more helpful to the general situation could be done than at once to resume building. It is pointed out that according to the best official information that the Nation has more than a half million houses behind the demand for dwellings, and the statement of the National Builders' Association is quoted to the effect that lumber is as cheap now as it is likely to be for some time. The Secretary of the Association expresses the belief that persons who defer building for cheaper materials might have to delay so long that, by the time they are ready to build, their interest would be more in under-takers' supplies than in house materials.

The aggressiveness of the Labor Department in the above matter has the refreshing advantage of urging the public to take up its own problems in its own communities, instead of waiting eternally for Uncle Sam to take the initiative. The logic of the whole story is: Homes are needed, and so are business structures—go to it! It may be added here that there can be no mistake in placing your faith in your own home town, and accepting the word of the Secretary of Labor, who agrees with the view that "the richest country in the world, the country in which the gold reserve equals the total reserves of three or four other nations, has nothing to fear of the future if the Nation has faith in itself."

Those who wait for the Government to hand out jobs may come to agree in time with Congressman Keating of Colorado, who although a good Democrat, recognizes facts. "It seems to me that Congress has gotten out of the frame of mind for the initiation of legislation in the last few years," he says. "It will be to be held by the President what it is necessary to do. Now the President is so shrewd, and there is no one else here who can make sufficient decisions in his own mind to do so." He adds that the thousands of children starving to death have a perfect right to expect that Congress provide opportunities for them so that they can earn a living.

SMOKE ABANDONERS NEEDED

The Senate of the United States made "Non-Smoking Propaganda in Washington" the first business item on its agenda, and the subject of a resolution was taken up by one of the members of the Senate. The resolution was adopted, and the Senate will now take up the question of the non-smoking campaign.

The Senate will now take up the question of the non-smoking campaign.

lation to investigate whether a movement was on foot in this country to overthrow our own Government, or other governments; and this resolution was unanimously adopted. Senator Weeks declared that "I was shocked, as were all other Senators, I think, by what took place in Washington night before last." A whole flock of Senators, representing every part of the country, expressed their righteous indignation over the meeting.

As soon as this order of business was disposed of, Senator Sherman of Illinois, addressed the Senate, and the title given to his appearance is printed in the Congressional Record, as: "Superman Government and Self-Government." Evidently no Senator was "shocked" at what the gentleman from Illinois had to say, although there are more than a dozen columns in his speech, running along the following lines: "The President has long appealed to groups and classes to govern the country. He is Chief Magistrate and superman by virtue of an usurping minority. He runs true to form by developing the plan to which he owes his election. Nothing but the grossest of egotism took him to the peace conference, where no executive of any other civilized power sits. He can not resist the lure of the limelight. The groups to which he panders applaud and the average man looks on in silent but undisguised disgust."

During the progress of this speech the presiding officer had occasion to warn the galleries to refrain from further manifestations, adding: "The Chair, in common with the Senate, reads the ravings of the radical group that assembled in the theatre, and then passes on to the speech of the Illinois Senator, whose right to say anything he pleased, is unchallenged. It is to recall 'Strange as this difference should be, 'Twixt Tweedledum and Tweedledee.'"

UNCLE SAM'S BIG JOB

Uncle Sam is preparing to ride rough shod over visionary schemes that offer Government ownership and ruthless experiments that may bring disaster to the greatest industrial interests of the nation. Among the lessons of the war that must have been impressed upon all thoughtful people is the effectiveness of State public control and private initiative and operation, each performing their part in adding to the progress of the country and the comfort of the people.

WELL-FILLED ICE HOUSE MEANS SUMMER SAFETY

Last Call for Ice Harvesting Ice, Fairly Safe Storage May Be Secured in the Cellar, a Corner of the Woodshed or Other Nook to be Found About Every Farmstead, With Liberal Use of Sawdust, Planing Mill Shavings or Other Insulator.

Probably the greatest advantage from having a farm ice house properly filled is that the milk may always be kept cool. But there are a score of other advantages not to be ignored. Some of them pertain to things that may be classed as summer luxuries—no, summer necessities. Ice cream, iced tea, lemonade, buttermilk, iced watermelon, iced cantaloupes, iced fruit—every one of them an item in the summer diet that can be regarded as contribution to the health, happiness and prosperity of the family. Unless there is natural ice in the farm ice house, they are rarely to be had. Even if the head of the family is perfectly willing to bear the expense of buying artificial ice, the time is sure to come—in most cases, it comes frequently—when there is no time to get the ice out from town, times when everybody is busy in the harvest or hay field and when the family has no one to do the work of getting the ice out from town. The time is sure to come—in most cases, it comes frequently—when there is no time to get the ice out from town, times when everybody is busy in the harvest or hay field and when the family has no one to do the work of getting the ice out from town.

ICE BELIEVES SUFFERING

Indeed, it can be heated with some degree of patience when the ice would mean only a more palatable dessert for dinner. But, on one of those hot harvest days, one of the men brought in overhauled from the field, or one of the children becomes suddenly ill of something that an ice pack would go a long way toward relieving. Such things even in town just at these times when the icebox is empty—and the need is so urgent that there is no time for going to town for ice. Unnecessary suffering is the inevitable result inevitable except when there is ice in the farm ice house filled from the pond or stream during the winter.

THE HARVESTING OF ICE IS A SIMPLE MATTER

That there appears no justification for its neglect by those who live in natural ice regions. Yet, the fact remains that many such do neglect it. Even for those who have not a regular harvesting time, there are some possibilities. Ice may be stored and kept with a fair degree of success in the cellar, in a corner of the woodshed, or in any one of a score of nooks in the house about every farmstead. Such storage places cannot be recommended

Movies to Open

Odeon Hall, Friday Night, Feb. 14

See THEDA BARA in

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The Great \$1,290,000 Production. 8 REELS

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SATURDAY NIGHT

George Allan England's Great Story

THE BRASS BULLET

In 5 REELS with

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Also a DREW COMEDY

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for permanent use. They entail a much heavier loss by melting than do properly constructed houses. But, with the proper use of sawdust, planing-mill shavings or other cheap insulator, they can be made to keep ice through the summer. The United States Department of Agriculture goes so far as to say that, where ice is abundant, and the cost of gathering is low, storage in makeshift places may be more economical than the building of scientifically constructed houses, and does not hesitate to recommend it as an expedient to serve until there is time for the construction of the right sort of house.

Thick Cakes Not Essential

Of course, if the ice is to be available for next summer, there is no time for constructing houses now. This is nearly the last call for filling the houses already built—and for making use of such expedients as are possible on farms where there is no ice house. The mild character of the early part of the winter, of course, has made the potential supply of ice less than usual, but the actual supply—much greater than will be gathered—is adequate for all needs. It is not necessary that ice be of any particular thickness. Six-inch ice is desirable but it is not essential. Four-inch or even three-inch ice will serve every purpose that thicker ice could be made to serve. And it does not require weather very cold and long continued to put a three or four-inch coat over the pond.

The Department of Agriculture recommends neighboring cooperation in ice harvesting. Two, three, or more families joining forces and using the same pond or stream, if convenient, can do the work much more easily and expeditiously than the working force of one farm alone ordinarily can do it. Also, when done by two or more families jointly, ice harvesting partakes of the nature of a picnic and the work is done without anybody thinking of it as a disagreeable task.

The cutting of ice is a very simple operation. The method recommended by the Department of Agriculture is to mark off the pond in rectangular figures of convenient size, then to saw out a strip from shore to shore and force it under the ice, leaving an open channel to the bank. Pieces as large as can be handled are then sawed out on either side, pulling saws by men with ice hooks or by a horse on the bank, then loaded on the wagon or sled.

The method of storing varies. If the ice is to be stored in a properly constructed ice house with commercial insulation, little packing is needed. If a house is not equipped with commercial insulation, or some other makeshift storage space, is used, the ground should be covered with twelve inches of sawdust or planing mill shavings before the ice is put in. A twelve-inch space should be left between the ice and the walls and should be tightly filled in with sawdust or shavings, and a covering of eighteen inches of sawdust or shavings should be placed over the ice. Planing mill shavings are preferable to sawdust, being more absorbent and not so much inclined to mold. Whether sawdust or shavings is used, care must be taken that the material is thoroughly dry.

Isn't It Disagreeable To Hear—

Your best customer's patient complaint, "The milk was sour AGAIN yesterday."

The milk inspector's judicial declaration, "Your bacterial count is too high."

The factory manager's peremptory decision, "I can't make good butter out of this cream and I can't make good cheese out of this milk." If they are disagreeable, don't let

ten to them. You don't have to.

The bacterial count is high, the milk is sour, the quality of butter and cheese is poor often because the milk or cream wasn't kept cool because there was no ice available, and there was no ice available because you let all of it melt where it froze instead of gathering it and putting it in your ice house.

Fill the ice house full of natural ice from the pond or stream. That will help to stop the disagreeable things that people say about your milk and cream.

How To Have Good Ice

Clean the pond or stream of vegetable matter.

Protect it from contamination from contaminating sources.

Keep the ice surface clear of snow, as it retards freezing.

Then get the necessary tools—two hand saws, two pairs of ice tongs, two ice hooks, a pointed bar, a long plank for a straight edge in marking—and a man to help you.

Cut the ice, haul it to the ice house or some other place where reasonably safe storage can be secured.

Do it now. There is no time for delay.

EXPERIENCES OF THE CHAMPION YOUNG HOUSE-KEEPER

Miss Ethel Hart of Warren won the State "Champion" in Cooking and Housekeeping work because of the all round excellence of her work. The Club Department of the Extension Service, University of Maine, requires each girl to do ten exercises on Cooking and twenty hours of Housekeeping, to keep an account, make an exhibit and write a story.

Miss Hart met all these requirements and much more. Her exhibit of a loaf of bread was one of the best of the season. Her report shows that during her club work she prepared thirty different kinds of dishes and prepared at least one meal alone.

It is not as though Miss Hart were an experienced cook for such is not the case as shown by the first paragraph of her story. "Before I joined the Cooking and Housekeeping Club I had done but little cooking. I thought it would be more interesting to do cooking and housekeeping if I knew I was doing it the same as the other girls in my community were and I have found it so."

As we read further in the story she tells of one day's experiences. "One day when my mischievous brothers were away and my mother was at work I thought I would do some cooking. I made a cake putting three teaspoonsful of whitening (which had been placed near the baking powder by mistake) into the batter. My frosting I made too thick and I had to go down cellar every fifteen minutes to spread it over the cake again. When I tasted the soup, which I had cooking on the stove, I saw how near done it was I discovered that my fan loving brothers had filled the salt shaker with mustard and the pepper shaker with ginger. A pumpkin pie I went to put in the oven turned over in my hand as I reached the oven door. The kitten made a dash to leap it up. The soup boiled over just then so she tried that first. It burned her tongue and she went down cellar at a bound. She knocked a pie from the shelf and swept that along at cyclone speed. I, in work frantic haste to repair the damage done by the cat, after hastily sweeping the floor with the dish cloth, suddenly found myself seated and down the stairs I slid. When I finally returned to the kitchen I decided I had had enough cooking for that day."

This shows that even "Champions" have hard luck days.

HAVE YOUR OWN DAIRY—KEEP A COW

Family Cow Is An Economical Food Producer. One Good Animal Will Keep the Average Family of Five Well Supplied With Dairy Products. How to Feed and Care for Her Properly

One good dairy cow properly fed will supply all the milk that is needed by the average family. A cow producing on the average of two gallons of milk each day will supply a family of five with one gallon of whole milk, which is about three glasses for each person, and there will be enough milk left to make one-half pound of butter daily—sufficient for the family. Such a family cow will also furnish approximately three-quarters of a pound of cottage cheese, which is a most palatable meat substitute when it is properly made. As a meat and muscle builder it is fully equal in the human diet to meat, pound for pound. Then there will be about three quarts of buttermilk and whey which can be used for bread making.

The feeding of the dairy cow should be governed by the cow's capacity to produce milk. Owners of dairy herds, who have kept a daily record of each cow's production, have found that some cows respond to an increased allowance of feed and return a good profit on it, while others are limited in milk capacity and over-feeding them is unprofitable. Profitable feeding requires a knowledge of the cow as well as of the values of feeds.

A permanent pasture of from one to two acres of the best grass available should be provided for the family cow if possible. Some shade and fresh, clean water are always desirable in the pasture. For winter feeding the U. S. Department of Agriculture gives the following general rules:

1. Under most circumstances the cow should be fed all the roughage that she will eat up clean, adjusting the grain ration to the milk production. Only when the cow tends to become over-fed should the quantity of roughage be restricted.

2. A grain mixture should be fed in the proportion of 1 pound to each 3 pounds of milk produced daily by the cow, except in the case of a cow producing a flow of 40 pounds or more, when the ration can be 1 pound to each 3½ or 4 pounds of milk. An even better rule is 1 pound of grain each day for every pound of butter fat produced by the cow during the week.

3. Feed all the cow will respond to in milk production. When she begins to put on flesh cut down the grain.

Feed Balanced Rations

For the most profitable milk production the cow must be fed a balanced ration at the cheapest price available. By balanced ration is meant the combination of such a proportion of nutrients and in such quantities as the cow requires to maintain her bodily functions and as she can utilize in the production of milk. These nutrients are classified as protein, carbohydrates and fats. Protein is one of the principal constituents of milk; fats and carbohydrates perform much the same functions, that is, producing energy and heat, and in the balancing of a ration are usually classed together. If the cow is given a ration containing an excess of either element, the excess is liable to be wasted; hence the economical importance of a balanced ration.

Corn silage, corn stover, timothy hay, millet hay, prairie hay, hays from the common grasses, straws of the various cereals, and cottonseed hulls may all be classed as low in protein content, while legume hays, such as alfalfa, the clovers, cowpeas, soy beans, and oat and pea, are classed as roughage high in protein. Grain and concentrated feeds are the chief sources of protein, and the mixture should be made to fit the class in which the roughage belongs.

Compensating A Grain Mixture

A few simple rules for making up a grain mixture are given briefly below: 1. Make up the mixture to fit the roughage available. With roughage entirely of the low-protein class the grain should contain approximately from 18 to 22 per cent of protein, while with exclusively high-protein roughage the grain ration need contain only about 12 to 18 per cent.

2. Select grains that will furnish the various constituents, especially protein, at the least cost, using home-grown grains if possible.

3. Be sure that the mixture is light and bulky.

4. The mixture should be palatable.

5. See that the grain has the proper physiological effect upon the cow.

The family cow should be provided with a dry, well lighted stall which should be cleaned daily. Every two or three weeks it is a good practice to scatter slaked lime about the floor of the stall, which will aid in keeping the place dry and prevent the growth of harmful germs. The stall should be kept well bedded with straw, saw dust or other such material that will absorb the moisture and make the cow comfortable. The cow's comfort should always be kept foremost in the mind of the owner as it is an aid to increased milk yields.

A Cow For Every Farm

Every farm should have at least one dairy cow. More may be kept if it is desirable of profitable, but there should be at least one cow. The farm family richly deserves the best of food and from the standpoint of economy it should have inexpensive food. Milk produced by the farm cow is not expensive. What other animal can so well utilize the grass plots around the house and barn throughout the summer? In the winter it will be necessary to give her some economical feed, but the cost on any farm will not be great. Even with this the cow is profitable, for she produces milk that furnishes plenty of food for the young people, and gives strength to the older members of the family. Dairy dishes in any form add variety to the meal. Milk can take the place of many purchased foods also at a great saving in cash and health. Maybe there should be more, but surely one cow to the farm.

Parasites Cause Great Losses

There are thousands of species of parasites belonging to the animal kingdom already known to man, and new ones are continually being discovered. Some of them appear to be quite harmless; others are most injurious, and some produce conditions for which no cures have been discovered. This loss to the live-stock industry in the United States from animal parasites amounts to hundreds of millions of dollars every year, and in addition to this damage certain of these parasites can be transmitted to man, either in meat or in other ways. It was for the purpose of investigating such parasitic organisms with the view of developing methods of prevention, control, and treatment that the Zoological Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry was established. The division now possesses one of the largest collections of specimens of parasites in the world, which is most useful for purposes of reference in identifying specimens sent in by farmers, veterinarians, and others.

LEVANT GIRL CHAMPION CANNER

Miss Marian Griffin of Levant, a member of the Kennebec Girls' Canning Club, demonstrated her superiority in canning work this past season by her consistent work finally winning the State Championship in the Canning Club Contest conducted by the Club Department of the Extension Service, University of Maine. She competed against a field of over 1,500 contestants who started in the work. Furthermore, in addition to being a member of a club she was also Local Leader of another club which under her direction did fine work.

It cannot be said that it was any chance fortune which brought the honor to this girl for she had won several prizes in the intermediate steps before qualifying for state competition. Misfortune caused her to lose out at Bangor Fair but she came back by winning first at Exeter Fair. Next she carried off first honors with her ten jars at Portland against 172 other exhibitors. At Bangor, when the County Contest was held, Miss Griffin won, and this time not only exhibit but also record and story were successful in the scoring. To climax the successful season she led all comers for the big honor.

As one reads her story it is possible to see why she has been so successful. In many instances she tried more than one way of canning the product, finding however that the Cold Pack method was most satisfactory. She put up twenty-two varieties of fruits and vegetables which totaled 160 pints. Only two pints failed to keep perfectly and one of these was saved by sterilizing the product a second time.

She writes "I did my canning in the early morning while too wet for outdoor work and regard the hours thus spent as the most enjoyable part of my summer's experience as a farmerette."

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WATCH THE YELLOW SLIP FOR THE DATE YOUR SUBSCRIPTION EXPIRES

VOLUME XXIV—NUMBER

79TH MAINE LEGISLATURE

The week just passed in the legislature came the nearest to one of the old-time sessions present body of lawmakers, although that by no means meant that the old-time scenes were enacted. Enough of real industry developed during the week to what was going on more than had occurred previously to the Governor sent in his message about the Budget and bridges.

Rep. Clason of Lisbon of bill in the House with a special Governor's message, followed day by a similar speech by Pesce of Washington. The members of the ways and means committee and chairman of their branches of the joint standing committee. Neither gentleman antagonizing spirit, but with each intent of explaining the people just what the committee did to do under the laws that its organization and attention measures presented to it. It have been done in a fair way with the statement of the Governor by the committee's explanation it is thought that future action based on a common understanding some beneficial results attained.

An interesting incident occurred in the House. The Legislature adopted an order that all of should hereafter be done by ers, instead of the old method. This has been done so frequently. Rep. Maher of Augusta introduced an order to the printing system, but with Thursday the order, having been that the Statutes since 1860 had been done by printing. When the life of the ink of typewritten is taken into consideration together with the importance of for all time the records section to abandoning the printers ink seems strange.

The amount of business in small compared with previous but enough is in evidence to the session to about the usual. Pres. Higgins advised the usual Friday that it was important to committee hearings at every at time, in order that the clock be cleared and adjournment held. The date of adjournment is uncertain but it is now very close to wind up the work of the 79th legislature if possible on March 29, will be on Saturday and which make a session of 13 weeks.

The principal event in Legislature will be the reception to the error on the afternoon of Wednesday, Feb. 10, at the State House a official legislative ball given by citizens of Augusta in the evening City Hall. These affairs are the social events of a Legislature, bringing people of prominence all over the State. It is not imprudent, following the reception to error Milliken, which usually lasts about 2 o'clock in the afternoon and 5 o'clock, some features introduced for the entertainment large throng of visitors that was unique and very pleasing. The have not been fully decided upon enough have been outlined to end very pleasant afternoon for the evening usually pass the time in social intercourse and listening to the solo of the orchestra. Dennis' augmented orchestra will as usual furnish for the reception and ball.

The feature of the Legislature of Friday morning was the speech of Senator Tencock of Washington of the joint standing committee on ways and bridges, in answer the recent message of Governor Milliken, in which the Governor to the Legislature that the Budget and the "Pork barrel" could exist together in this Legislature. Senator taking up the matter in the of the committee, explaining in his position and denying any intention delaying the progress of the bill. He reviewed the history of roads in Maine, with the methods amounts of appropriations for that year by the several Legislatures, called attention the good results resulting from the expenditure of special "silver" appropriations in the past said.

"The committee believes that 11,000 miles of road in this State receives no benefit from the highway improvement funds are

(Continued on page 2)